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Plasma arc cutting systems







Register your new Hypertherm system

Register your product on-line at **www.hypertherm.com/registration** for easier technical and warranty support. You can also receive updates on new Hypertherm products and a free gift as a token of our appreciation.

For your records		
Serial number:		
Purchase date:	 	
Distributor:		
Maintenance notes:		

powermax65 powermax85

Operator Manual (P/N 806650)

Revision 1 - November 2010

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EMC Introduction

Hypertherm's CE-marked equipment is built in compliance with standard EN60974-10. The equipment should be installed and used in accordance with the information below to achieve electromagnetic compatibility.

The limits required by EN60974-10 may not be adequate to completely eliminate interference when the affected equipment is in close proximity or has a high degree of sensitivity. In such cases it may be necessary to use other measures to further reduce interference.

This cutting equipment is designed for use only in an industrial environment.

Installation and use

The user is responsible for installing and using the plasma equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions. If electromagnetic disturbances are detected then it shall be the responsibility of the user to resolve the situation with the technical assistance of the manufacturer. In some cases this remedial action may be as simple as earthing the cutting circuit, see *Earthing of Workpiece*. In other cases it could involve constructing an electromagnetic screen enclosing the power source and the work complete with associated input filters. In all cases electromagnetic disturbances must be reduced to the point where they are no longer troublesome.

Assessment of area

Before installing the equipment the user shall make an assessment of potential electromagnetic problems in the surrounding area. The following shall be taken into account:

 a. Other supply cables, control cables, signalling and telephone cables; above, below and adjacent to the cutting equipment.

- Radio and television transmitters and receivers.
- c. Computer and other control equipment.
- Safety critical equipment, for example guarding of industrial equipment.
- e. Health of the people around, for example the use of pacemakers and hearing aids.
- Equipment used for calibration or measurement.
- g. Immunity of other equipment in the environment. User shall ensure that other equipment being used in the environment is compatible. This may require additional protection measures.
- Time of day that cutting or other activities are to be carried out.

The size of the surrounding area to be considered will depend on the structure of the building and other activities that are taking place. The surrounding area may extend beyond the boundaries of the premises.

Methods of reducing emissions

Mains supply

Cutting equipment must be connected to the mains supply according to the manufacturer's recommendations. If interference occurs, it may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering of the mains supply.

Consideration should be given to shielding the supply cable of permanently installed cutting equipment, in metallic conduit or equivalent. Shielding should be electrically continuous throughout its length. The shielding should be connected to the cutting mains supply so that good electrical contact is maintained between the conduit and the cutting power source enclosure.

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Maintenance of cutting equipment

The cutting equipment must be routinely maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. All access and service doors and covers should be closed and properly fastened when the cutting equipment is in operation. The cutting equipment should not be modified in any way except for those changes and adjustments covered in the manufacturer's instructions. In particular, the spark gaps of arc striking and stabilizing devices should be adjusted and maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Cutting cables

The cutting cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned close together, running at or close to the floor level.

Equipotential bonding

Bonding of all metallic components in the cutting installation and adjacent to it should be considered. However, metallic components bonded to the workpiece will increase the risk that the operator could receive a shock by touching these metallic components and the electrode (nozzle for laser heads) at the same time. The operator should be insulated from all such bonded metallic components.

Earthing of workpiece

Where the workpiece is not bonded to earth for electrical safety, nor connected to earth because of its size and position, for example, ship's hull or building steelwork, a connection bonding the workpiece to earth may reduce emissions in some, but not all instances. Care should be taken to prevent the earthing of the workpiece increasing the risk of injury to users, or damage to other electrical equipment. Where necessary, the connection of the

workpiece to earth should be made by a direct connection to the workpiece, but in some countries where direct connection is not permitted, the bonding should be achieved by suitable capacitances selected according to national regulations.

Note: the cutting circuit may or may not be earthed for safety reasons. Changing the earthing arrangements should only be authorized by a person who is competent to assess whether the changes will increase the risk of injury, for example, by allowing parallel cutting current return paths which may damage the earth circuits of other equipment. Further guidance is given in IEC/ TS 62081 Arc Welding Equipment Installation and Use.

Screening and shielding

Selective screening and shielding of other cables and equipment in the surrounding area may alleviate problems of interference.

Screening of the entire plasma cutting installation may be considered for special applications.

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Attention

Genuine Hypertherm parts are the factoryrecommended replacement parts for your Hypertherm system. Any damage caused by the use of other than genuine Hypertherm parts may not be covered by the Hypertherm warranty.

You are responsible for the safe use of the Product. Hypertherm does not and cannot make any guarantee or warranty regarding the safe use of the Product in your environment.

General

Hypertherm, Inc. warrants that its Products shall be free from defects in materials and workmanship, if Hypertherm is notified of a defect (i) with respect to the power supply within a period of two (2) years from the date of its delivery to you, with the exception of Powermax brand power supplies, which shall be within a period of three (3) years from the date of delivery to you, and (ii) with respect to the torch and leads within a period of one (1) year from its date of delivery to you, and with respect to torch lifter assemblies within a period of one (1) year from its date of delivery to you, and with respect to laser heads within a period of one (1) year from its date of delivery to you. This warranty shall not apply to any Powermax brand power supplies that have been used with phase converters. In addition, Hypertherm does not warranty systems that have been damaged as a result of poor power quality, whether from phase converters or incoming line power. This warranty shall not apply to any Product which has been incorrectly installed, modified, or otherwise damaged. Hypertherm, at its sole option, shall repair, replace, or adjust, free of charge, any defective Products covered by this warranty which shall be returned with Hypertherm's prior authorization (which shall not be unreasonably withheld), properly packed, to Hypertherm's place of business in Hanover, New Hampshire, or to an authorized Hypertherm repair facility, all

costs, insurance and freight prepaid. Hypertherm shall not be liable for any repairs, replacement, or adjustments of Products covered by this warranty, except those made pursuant to this paragraph or with Hypertherm's prior written consent. The warranty above is exclusive and is in lieu of all other warranties, express, implied, statutory, or otherwise with respect to the Products or as to the results which may be obtained therefrom, and all implied warranties or conditions of quality or of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or against infringement. The foregoing shall constitute the sole and exclusive remedy for any breach by Hypertherm of its warranty. Distributors/OEMs may offer different or additional warranties, but Distributors/OEMs are not authorized to give any additional warranty protection to you or make any representation to you purporting to be binding upon Hypertherm.

Certification test marks

Certified products are identified by one or more certification test marks from accredited testing laboratories. The certification test marks are located on or near the data plate. Each certification test mark means that the product and its safety-critical components conform to the relevant national safety standards as reviewed by that testing laboratory. Hypertherm places a certification test mark on its products only after that product is manufactured with safety-critical components that have been authorized by the accredited testing laboratory.

Once the product has left the Hypertherm factory, the certification test marks are invalidated if any of the following occurs:

- The product is significantly modified in a manner that creates a hazard or non-conformance.
- Safety-critical components are replaced with unauthorized spare parts.

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- Any unauthorized assembly or accessory that uses or generates a hazardous voltage is added.
- There is any tampering with a safety circuit or other feature that is designed into the product as part of the certification.

CE marking constitutes a manufacturer's declaration of conformity to applicable European directives and standards. Only those versions of Hypertherm products with a CE Marking located on or near the data plate have been tested for compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive and the European EMC Directive. EMC filters needed to comply with the European EMC Directive are incorporated within versions of the power supply with a CE Marking.

Differences in National Standards

Differences in standards include, but are not limited to:

- Voltages
- Plug and cord ratings
- Language requirements
- Electromagnetic compatibility requirements

These differences in national standards may make it impossible or impractical for all certification test marks to be placed on the same version of a product. For example, the CSA versions of Hypertherm's products do not comply with European EMC requirements and they do not have a CE marking on the data plate.

Countries that require CE marking or have compulsory EMC regulations must use CE versions of Hypertherm products with the CE marking on the data plate. These include:

- Australia
- New Zealand
- Countries in the European Union
- Russia

It is important that the product and its certification test mark be suitable for the enduse installation site. When Hypertherm products are shipped to one country for export to another country, the product must be configured and certified properly for the enduse site.

Higher-level systems

When a system integrator adds additional equipment; such as cutting tables, motor drives, motion controllers or robots; to a Hypertherm plasma cutting system, the combined system may be considered a higher-level system. A higher-level system with hazardous moving parts may constitute industrial machinery or robotic equipment, in which case the OEM or end-use customer may be subject to additional regulations and standards than those relevant to the plasma cutting system as manufactured by Hypertherm.

It is the responsibility of the end-use customer and the OEM to perform a risk assessment for the higher-level system and to provide protection against hazardous moving parts. Unless the higher-level system is certified when the OEM incorporates Hypertherm products into it, the installation also may be subject to approval by local authorities. Seek advice from legal counsel and local regulatory experts if uncertain about compliance.

External interconnecting cables between component parts of the higher level system must be suitable for contaminants and movement as required by the final end-use installation site. When the external interconnecting cables are subject to oil, dust, or water contaminants, hard usage ratings may be required. When external interconnecting cables are subject to continuous movement, constant flexing ratings may be required. It is the responsibility of the end-use customer or the OEM to ensure the cables are suitable for the application. Since there are differences in the

ratings and costs that can be required by local regulations for higher-level systems, it is necessary to verify that any external interconnecting cables are suitable for the end-use installation site.

Patent indemnity

Except only in cases of products not manufactured by Hypertherm or manufactured by a person other than Hypertherm not in strict conformity with Hypertherm's specifications and in cases of designs, processes, formulae, or combinations not developed or purported to be developed by Hypertherm, Hypertherm will defend or settle, at its own expense, any suit or proceeding brought against you alleging that the use of the Hypertherm product, alone and not in combination with any other product not supplied by Hypertherm, infringes any patent of any third party. You shall notify Hypertherm promptly upon learning of any action or threatened action in connection with any such alleged infringement, and Hypertherm's obligation to indemnify shall be conditioned upon Hypertherm's sole control of, and the indemnified party's cooperation and assistance in, the defense of the claim.

Limitation of liability

In no event shall Hypertherm be liable to any person or entity for any incidental, consequential, indirect, or punitive damages (including but not limited to lost profits) regardless of whether such liability is based on breach of contract, tort, strict liability, breach of warranties, failure of essential purpose or otherwise and even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Liability cap

In no event shall Hypertherm's liability, whether such liability is based on breach of contract, tort, strict liability, breach of warranties, failure of essential purpose or otherwise, for any claim action suit or proceeding arising out of or relating to the

use of the Products exceed in the aggregate the amount paid for the Products that gave rise to such claim.

Insurance

At all times you will have and maintain insurance in such quantities and types, and with coverage sufficient and appropriate to defend and to hold Hypertherm harmless in the event of any cause of action arising from the use of the Products.

National and Local codes

National and Local codes governing plumbing and electrical installation shall take precedent over any instructions contained in this manual. **In no event** shall Hypertherm be liable for injury to persons or property damage by reason of any code violation or poor work practices.

Transfer of rights

You may transfer any remaining rights you may have hereunder only in connection with the sale of all or substantially all of your assets or capital stock to a successor in interest who agrees to be bound by all of the terms and conditions of this Warranty.

Proper disposal of Hypertherm products

Hypertherm plasma cutting systems, like all electronic products, may contain materials or components, such as printed circuit boards, that cannot be discarded with ordinary waste. It is your responsibility to dispose of any Hypertherm product or component part in an environmentally acceptable manner according to national and local codes.

- In the United States, check all federal, state, and local laws.
- In the European Union, check the EU directives, national, and local laws. For more information, visit www.hypertherm.com/weee.
- In other countries, check national and local laws.

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Section 1

SPECIFICATIONS

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System description

The Powermax65 and Powermax85 are highly portable, 65-amp and 85-amp, handheld and mechanized plasma cutting systems appropriate for a wide range of applications. The Powermax systems use air or nitrogen to cut electrically conductive metals, such as mild steel, stainless steel, or aluminum. Smart Sense™ technology automatically adjusts the gas pressure according to cutting mode and torch lead length for optimum cutting.

The Powermax65 can cut thicknesses up to 1 inch (25 mm) with a handheld torch and pierce thicknesses up to 5/8 inch (16 mm). The Powermax85 can cut thicknesses up to 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) and pierce thicknesses up to 3/4 inch (19 mm). FastConnect™ provides a simple push-button torch connection to the power supply for quick torch changes.

The typical handheld Powermax system includes a Duramax™ series H65 or H85 hand torch with a complete set of the consumables needed for cutting (shield, retaining cap, nozzle, electrode, swirl ring), a consumables box (containing 2 spare electrodes, 2 spare nozzles, 1 gouging nozzle, and 1 gouging shield), and a work cable. Reference materials include: operator manual, quick setup card, registration card, setup DVD, and safety manual.

The typical mechanized Powermax system includes a Duramax series M65 or M85 machine torch with a complete set of the consumables needed for cutting (shield, retaining cap, nozzle, electrode, swirl ring), a consumables box (containing 2 spare electrodes and 2 spare nozzles), work cable, and remote-start pendant. Reference materials include: operator manual, quick setup card, registration card, setup DVD, and safety manual.

You can order additional styles of torches, consumables, and accessories – such as the plasma cutting guide – from any Hypertherm distributor. See Section 6, *Parts* for a list of spare and optional parts.

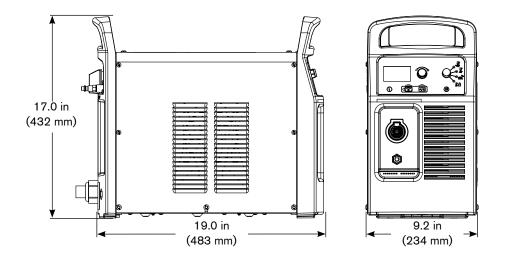
Powermax65 and Powermax85 power supplies are shipped without a plug on the power cord. See Section 2 *Power Supply Setup* for more information.

Where to find information

System specifications such as size, weight, detailed electrical specifications, and cut speeds can be found in this section. For information on:

- Setup requirements, including power requirements, grounding, power cord configurations, extension cord requirements, and generator recommendations — see Section 2 Power Supply Setup.
- Handheld and machine torch consumables, cut charts, and torch setup information see Section 3 Torch Setup.
- Information about the controls and LEDs, steps for system operation, and hints for improving cut quality — see Section 4 Operation.
- Routine maintenance and repair see Section 5 Maintenance and Repair.
- Part numbers and ordering information for accessories, consumables, and replacement parts — see Section 6, Parts.

Power supply dimensions



Component weights

	65 A CSA	65 A CE	85 A CSA	85 A CE
	lbs (kg)	lbs (kg)	lbs (kg)	lbs (kg)
Power supply	54.1 (24.5)	47.0 (21.3)	59.9 (27.2)	50.4 (22.8)

	65/85 A
	lbs (kg)
Hand torch 25 ft (7.6 m)	6.8 (3.1)
Hand torch 50 ft (15 m)	12.2 (5.5)
Hand torch 75 ft (23 m)	17.6 (8.0)

Machine torch 25 ft (7.6 m)	7.6 (3.4)
Machine torch 50 ft (15 m)	13.2 (6.0)
Machine torch 75 ft (23 m)	18.8 (8.5)

	65 A	85 A	
	lbs (kg)	lbs (kg)	
Work lead 25 ft (7.6 m)	2.8 (1.3)	6.8 (3.1)	
Work lead 50 ft (15 m)	5.0 (2.3)	7.5 (3.4)	
Work lead 75 ft (23 m)	6.9 (3.1)	10.6 (4.8)	

Powermax65 power supply ratings

Powermaxoo power su	ірріў гаціі	ys		
Rated open-circuit voltage (U ₀) CSA, 1-phase, 3-phase CE, 3-phase	CSA 296 VDC CE 270 VDC			
Output characteristic ¹	Drooping			
Rated output current (I ₂)	20 – 65 A			
Rated output voltage (U ₂)	139 VDC			
Duty cycle at 40° C (104° F) (See data plate on power supply for more information on duty cycle.)	CSA 50% @ 65 A, 230 - 600 V, 1/3 PH 40% @ 65 A, 200 - 208 V, 1/3 PH 100% @ 46 A, 230 - 600 V, 1/3 PH CE 50% @ 65 A, 380/400 V, 3 PH 100% @ 46 A, 380/400 V, 3 PH			
Operating temperature	14° to 104° F	(-10° to 40° C)		
Storage temperature	-13° to 131° F	(-25° to 55° C)	
Power factor 200 – 480 V CSA, 1-phase 200 – 600 V CSA, 3-phase 380/400 V CE, 3-phase	0.99 - 0.97 0.94 - 0.73 0.94			
R _{sce} - Short Circuit Ratio (CE mo	dels only)	U ₁ – Volts AC	rms, 3PH	$R_{\rm sce}$
		400 VAC 225.7		225.7
EMC classification CISPR 11 (CE models only) ⁴		Class A		
Input voltage (U ₁)/ Input current (I ₁) at rated output (U ₂ MAX, I _{2 MAX}) (See Section 2 Power Supply Setup for more information.)	CSA CE ^{2,3}	200/208/240/480 V, 1 PH, 50/60 Hz 52/50/44/22 A 200/208/240/480/600 V, 3 PH, 50/60 Hz 32/31/27/13/13 A 380/400 V, 3 PH, 50/60 Hz 15.5/15 A		
Gas type	Air		Nitrogen	
Gas quality	Clean, dry, oil-free per ISO 8573-1 Class 1.2.2		99.95% p	ure
Recommended gas inlet flow rate/pressure	Cutting: 400 scfh , 6.7 scfm (190 slpm) @ 85 psi (5.9 bar) Gouging: 450 scfh, 7.5 scfm (210 slpm) @ 70 psi (4.8 bar)			

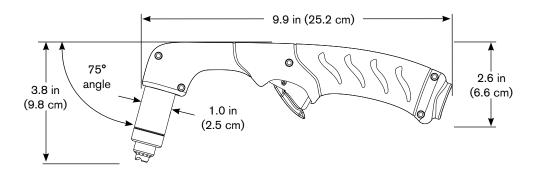
- ¹ Defined as a plot of output voltage versus output current.
- 2 Equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power $S_{\rm sc}$ is greater than or equal to 2035 KVA at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power $S_{\rm sc}$ greater than or equal to 2035 KVA.
- ³ Equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-11 provided that the supply impedance, Zmax, is 0.201 or less. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a impedance of 0.201 or less.
- 4 WARNING: This Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

Powermax85 power supply ratings

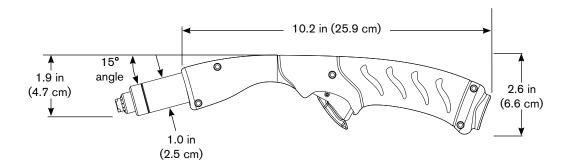
Powermaxos power st	ippiy ratini	,		
Rated open-circuit voltage (U ₀) CSA, single-phase, 3-phase CE, 3-phase	CSA CE	305 VDC 270 VDC		
Output characteristic ¹	Drooping			
Rated output current (I ₂)	25 – 85 A			
Rated output voltage (U ₂)	143 VDC			
Duty cycle at 40° C (104° F) (See data plate on power supply for more information on duty cycle.)	CSA 60% @ 85 A, 230 - 600 V, 3 PH 60% @ 85 A, 480 V, 1 PH 50% @ 85 A, 240 V, 1 PH 50% @ 85 A 200 - 208 V, 3 PH 40% @ 85 A 200 - 208 V, 1 PH 100% @ 66 A, 230 - 600 V, 1/3 PH CE 60% @ 85 A, 380/400 V, 3 PH 100% @ 66 A, 380/400 V, 3 PH			
Operating temperature	14° to 104° F (-10° to 40° C)			
Storage temperature	-13° to 131° F	(-25° to 55° C)		
Power factor 200 – 480 V CSA, 1-phase 200 – 600 V CSA, 3-phase 380/400 V CE, 3-phase	0.99 - 0.96 0.94 - 0.76 0.94			
R _{sce} - Short Circuit Ratio (CE mo	dels only)	U ₁ – Volts AC rms, 3PH	R _{sce}	
		400 VAC	225.7	
EMC classification CISPR 11 (CE	models only)4	Class A		
Input voltage (U ₁)/ Input current (I ₁) at rated output (U ₂ _{MAX} , I _{2 MAX}) (See Section 2 <i>Power Supply Setup</i> for more information.)	CSA CE ^{2,3}	70/68/58/29 A 200/208/240/480/600 V, 3 PH, 50/60 Hz 42/40/35/18/17 A		
Gas type		Nitrogen		
Gas quality	Clean, dry, oil-free per 99.95% pure ISO 8573-1 Class 1.2.2		99.95% pure	
Recommended gas inlet flow rate/pressure	Cutting: 400 scfh , 6.7 scfm (190 slpm) @ 85 psi (5.9 bar) Gouging: 450 scfh, 7.5 scfm (210 slpm) @ 70 psi (4.8 bar)			

- ¹ Defined as a plot of output voltage versus output current.
- 2 Equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power $S_{\rm sc}$ is greater than or equal to 2035 KVA at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power $S_{\rm sc}$ greater than or equal to 2035 KVA.
- ³ Equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-11 provided that the supply impedance, Zmax, is 0.201 or less. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a impedance of 0.201 or less.
- ⁴ WARNING: This Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

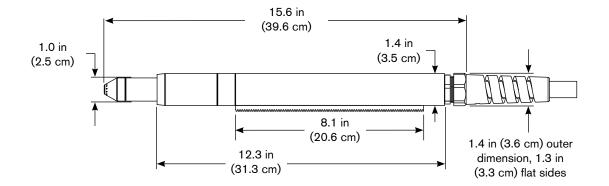
H65/H85 75° hand torch dimensions



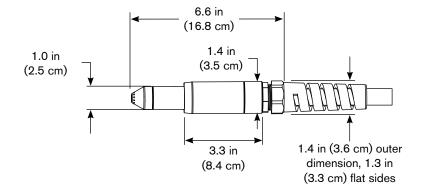
H65s/H85s 15° hand torch dimensions



M65/M85 full-length machine torch dimensions



M65m/M85m mini-machine torch dimensions



Powermax65 cutting specifications

Handheld cut capacity (material thickness)				
commended cut capacity at 20 ipm (500 mm/min)* 3/4 in (19 mm)				
Recommended cut capacity at 10 ipm (250 mm/min)*	1 in (25 mm)			
everance capacity at 5 ipm (125 mm/min)* 1-1/4 in (32 mm)				
Pierce capacity (material thickness)				
Pierce capacity for handheld cutting, or mechanized cutting with torch height control	5/8 in (16 mm)			
Pierce capacity for mechanized cutting without torch height control	1/2 in (12 mm)			
Maximum cut speed** (mild steel)				
1/4 in (6 mm)	145 ipm (4000 mm/min)			
1/2 in (12 mm)	50 ipm (1400 mm/min)			
3/4 in (19 mm)	24 ipm (600 mm/min)			
1 in (25 mm)	12 ipm (320 mm/min)			
Gouging capacity				
Metal removal rate on mild steel	10.7 lbs/hr (4.8 kg/hr)			
Duramax series torch weights (refer to 1-5 Component weights)				
Duty cycle and voltage information (refer to 1-6 Powermax65 power supply ratings)				

^{*} Cut capacity speeds are not necessarily maximum speeds. They are the speeds that must be achieved to be rated at that thickness.

^{**} Maximum cut speeds are the results of Hypertherm's laboratory testing. Actual cutting speeds may vary based on different cutting applications.

Powermax85 cutting specifications

Handheld cut capacity (material thickness)			
Recommended cut capacity at 20 ipm (500 mm/min)*	1 in (25 mm)		
Recommended cut capacity at 10 ipm (250 mm/min)*	1-1/4 in (32 mm)		
Severance capacity at 5 ipm (125 mm/min)*	1-1/2 in (38 mm)		
Pierce capacity (material thickness)			
Pierce capacity for handheld cutting, or mechanized cutting with torch height control	3/4 in (19 mm)		
Pierce capacity for mechanized cutting without torch height control			
Maximum cut speed** (mild steel)			
1/4 in (6 mm)	200 ipm (5500 mm/min)		
1/2 in (12 mm)	70 ipm (2000 mm/min)		
3/4 in (19 mm)	36 ipm (900 mm/min)		
1 in (25 mm)	21 ipm (550 mm/min)		
1-1/4 in (32 mm)	13 ipm (330 mm/min)		
Gouging capacity			
etal removal rate on mild steel 19.5 lbs/hr (8.8 kg/hr)			
Duramax series torch weights (refer to 1-5 Compor	nent weights)		
Duty cycle and voltage information (refer to 1-8 Po	owermax85 power supply ratings)		

^{*} Cut capacity speeds are not necessarily maximum speeds. They are the speeds that must be achieved to be rated at that thickness.

^{**} Maximum cut speeds are the results of Hypertherm's laboratory testing. Actual cutting speeds may vary based on different cutting applications.

Symbols and markings

Your Hypertherm product may have one or more of the following markings on or near the data plate. Due to differences and conflicts in national regulations, not all marks are applied to every version of a product.



S mark symbol

The S mark symbol indicates that the power supply and torch are suitable for operations carried out in environments with increased hazard of electrical shock per IEC 60974-1.



CSA mark

Hypertherm products with a CSA mark meet the United States and Canadian regulations for product safety. The products were evaluated, tested, and certified by CSA-International. Alternatively the product may have a mark by one of the other Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories (NRTL) accredited in both the United States and Canada, such as Underwriters Laboratories, Incorporated (UL) or TÜV.

(CE marking

The CE marking signifies the manufacturer's declaration of conformity to applicable European directives and standards. Only those versions of Hypertherm products with a CE marking located on or near the data plate have been tested for compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive and the European Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive. EMC filters needed to comply with the European EMC Directive are incorporated within versions of the product with a CE marking.



GOST-R mark

CE versions of Hypertherm products that include a GOST-R mark of conformity meet the product safety and EMC requirements for export to the Russian Federation.



c-Tick mark

CE versions of Hypertherm products with a c-Tick mark comply with the EMC regulations required for sale in Australia and New Zealand.



CCC mark

The China Compulsory Certification (CCC) mark indicates that the product has been tested and found compliant with product safety regulations required for sale in China.

IEC symbols

The following symbols may appear on the power supply data plate, control labels, switches, LEDs, and LCD screen.

	Direct current (DC)	I	Power is ON
	Alternating current (AC)	0	Power is OFF
<i>\$</i>	Plasma torch cutting	3~ f ₁ f ₂	An inverter-based power source, either 1-phase or 3-phase
*	Plate metal cutting		Volt/amp curve, "drooping" characteristic
	Expanded metal cutting	AC	Power is ON (LED)
	Gouging	4	System fault (LED)
	AC input power connection	→ →	Inlet gas pressure fault (LCD)
	The terminal for the external protective (earth) conductor		Missing or loose consumables (LCD)
			Power supply is out of temperature range (LCD)

Section 2

POWER SUPPLY SETUP

In this section:

Unpack the Powermax65 or Powermax85 system	2-2
Claims	
Contents	2-3
Position the power supply	2-4
Prepare the electrical power	
Install a line-disconnect switch	2-5
Requirements for grounding	2-5
Power connection for the Powermax65	
Single-phase power cord (not for CE model)	2-7
Three-phase power cord — plug installation	
Power connection for the Powermax85	
Single-phase power cord (not for CE model)	2-9
Single-phase power cord installation	2-10
Three-phase power cord — plug installation	
Extension cord recommendations	
Extension cord specifications	2-12
Engine-driven generator recommendations	2-13
Prepare the gas supply	
Additional gas filtration	
Connect the gas supply	

Unpack the Powermax65 or Powermax85 system

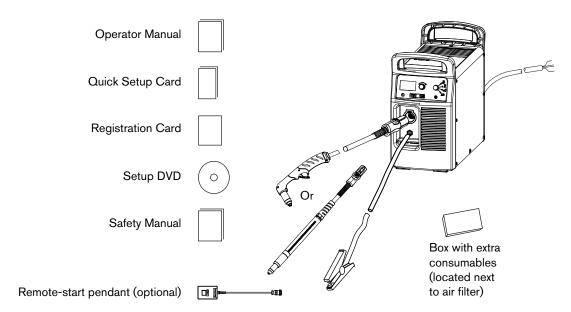
- 1. Verify that all items on your order have been received in good condition. Contact your distributor if any parts are damaged or missing.
- Inspect the power supply for damage that may have occurred during shipping. If there is
 evidence of damage, refer to "Claims" below. All communications regarding this equipment
 must include the model number and the serial number located on the back of the power
 supply.
- 3. Before you set up and operate this Hypertherm system, read the separate *Safety and Compliance Manual* included with your system for important safety information.

Claims

- Claims for damage during shipment If your unit was damaged during shipment, you must file a claim with the carrier. Hypertherm will furnish you with a copy of the bill of lading upon request. If you need additional assistance, call the nearest Hypertherm office listed in the front of this manual.
- Claims for defective or missing merchandise If any component is missing or defective, contact your Hypertherm distributor. If you need additional assistance, call the nearest Hypertherm office listed in the front of this manual.

Contents

Verify the items in the box against the illustration.



Position the power supply

Locate the power supply near an appropriate power receptacle for your installation: 200–480 volts (CSA 1-phase), 200–600 volts (CSA 3-phase), or 380/400 volts (3-phase CE). The power supply has a 10-foot (3 m) power cord. Allow at least 10 inches (0.25 m) of space around the power supply for proper ventilation.

The power supply is not suitable for use in rain or snow.

To avoid toppling, do not set the power supply on an incline greater than 10 degrees.

Prepare the electrical power

Hypertherm (designated HYP on the data plate) input current ratings are used to determine conductor sizes for power connection and installation instructions. The HYP rating is determined under maximum normal operating conditions and the higher HYP input current value should be used for installation purposes.

The maximum output voltage will vary based on your input voltage and the circuit's amperage. Because the current draw varies during startup, slow-blow fuses are recommended as shown in the charts below. Slow-blow fuses can withstand currents up to 10 times the rated value for short periods of time.



Caution: Protect the circuit with appropriately sized time-delay (slow-blow) fuses and a line-disconnect switch.

Install a line-disconnect switch

Use a line-disconnect switch for each power supply so that the operator can turn off the incoming power quickly in an emergency. Locate the switch so that it is easily accessible to the operator. Installation must be performed by a licensed electrician according to national and local codes. The interrupt level of the switch must equal or exceed the continuous rating of the fuses. In addition, the switch should:

- Isolate the electrical equipment and disconnect all live conductors from the incoming supply voltage when in the OFF position.
- Have one OFF and one ON position that are clearly marked with O (OFF) and I (ON).
- Have an external operating handle that can be locked in the OFF position.
- Contain a power-operated mechanism that serves as an emergency stop.
- Have appropriate slow-blow fuses installed. See 2-6 Power connection for the Powermax65 or 2-8 Power connection for the Powermax85 for recommended fuse sizes.

Requirements for grounding

To ensure personal safety, proper operation, and to reduce electromagnetic interference (EMI), the power supply must be properly grounded.

- The power supply must be grounded through the power cord according to national and local electrical codes.
- Single-phase service must be of the 3-wire type with a green or green/yellow wire for the protective earth ground and must comply with national and local requirements. **Do not use a 2-wire service.**
- Three-phase service must be of the 4-wire type with a green or green/yellow wire for protective earth ground and must comply with national and local requirements.
- Refer to the separate Safety and Compliance Manual included with your system for more information on grounding.

Power connection for the Powermax65

The Powermax65 CSA model is a universal power supply that can configure itself to operate with AC voltages from 200 to 600, 1- or 3-phase. The CE model is 380/400 V, 3-phase only. The rated output is 25 – 65 A, 139 VDC.

CSA model	Single-phase			Three-p	hase			
Input voltage	200-208	230-240	480	200-208	230-240	400	480	600
Input current at 9.0 kw output	52	44	22	32	27	15	13	13
Input current during arc stretch	74	74	38	45	45	27	23	23
Fuse (slow-blow)	80	80	40	50	50	30	25	25

CE model	Three-phase		
Input voltage	380/400		
Input current at 9.0 kw output	15.5/15		
Input current during arc stretch	27		
Fuse (slow-blow)	30		

Single-phase power cord (not for CE model)

To operate your Powermax65 on 1-phase power, you will need to install an appropriate power cord. Refer to 2-10 *Single-phase power cord installation* for instructions.

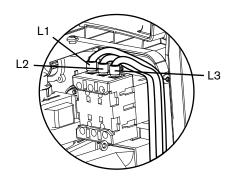


Caution: When using the Powermax65 CSA model power supply (CE model is 3-phase only) with a 1-phase power source, replace the supplied power cord with an 8 AWG (10 mm²) 3-wire power cord. The power cord must be connected by a licensed electrician.

Three-phase power cord — plug installation

The Powermax65 power supplies are shipped with an 8 AWG 4-wire power cord on CSA models. A 2.5 mm², 4-wire HAR power cord is provided on CE models. To operate the Powermax65, use a plug that meets national and local electrical codes. The plug must be connected to the power cord by a licensed electrician.

The procedure is similar to installing a single-phase power cord as shown in the section 2-10 *Single-phase power cord installation*. The figure below shows the additional wire connected to L3.



Power connection for the Powermax85

The Powermax85 CSA model is a universal power supply that can configure itself to operate with AC voltages from 200 to 600, 1- or 3-phase. The CE model is 380/400 V, 3-phase only. The rated output is 25 – 85 A, 143 VDC.

CSA model	SA model Single-phase				Three-p	hase		
Input voltage	200-208	230-240	480	200-208	230-240	400	480	600
Input current at 12.2 kw output	70	60	29	42	36	21	18	17
Input current during arc stretch	98	98	50	60	60	38	31	30
Fuse (slow-blow)	100	100	50	60	60	40	30	30

CE model	Three-phase
Input voltage	380/400
Input current at 12.2 kw output	20.5/20
Input current during arc stretch	38
Fuse (slow-blow)	40

Single-phase power cord (not for CE model)

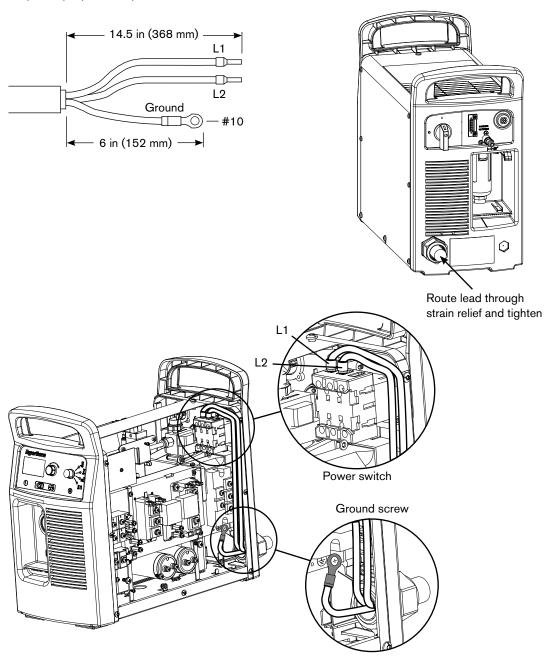
To operate your Powermax85 on 1-phase power, you will need to install an appropriate power cord. Refer to 2-10 *Single-phase power cord installation* for instructions.



Caution: When using the Powermax85 CSA model power supply (CE model is 3-phase only) with a 1-phase power source, replace the supplied power cord with a 6 AWG (16 mm²) 3-wire power cord. The power cord must be connected by a licensed electrician.

Single-phase power cord installation

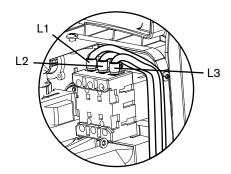
Strip and prepare the power cord wires as shown below.



Three-phase power cord — plug installation

The Powermax85 power supplies are shipped with an 8 AWG 4-wire power cord on CSA models. A 4 mm², 4-wire HAR power cord is provided on CE models. To operate the Powermax85, use a plug that meets national and local electrical codes. The plug must be connected to the power cord by a licensed electrician.

The procedure is similar to installing a single-phase power cord as shown in the section 2-10 *Single-phase power cord installation*. The figure below shows the additional wire connected to L3.



Extension cord recommendations

Any extension cord must have an appropriate wire size for the cord length and system voltage. Use a cord that meets national and local codes.

The table on the next page provides the recommended gauge sizes for various lengths and input voltages. The lengths in the tables are the length of the extension cord only; they do not include the power supply's power cord.

Extension cord specifications

Extension cord length		< 10 ft (< 3 m)	10 - 25 ft (3 - 7.5 m)	25 - 50 ft (7.5 - 15 m)	50 - 100 ft (15 - 30 m)	100 - 150 ft (30 - 45 m)
65 A CSA						
Input voltage (VAC)	Phase	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)
200-240	1	8 (10)	8 (10)	8 (10)	6 (16)	4 (25)
480	1	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)	10 (6)	10 (6)
200-240	3	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)	8 (10)	6 (16)
400/480	3	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)
600	3	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)	12 (4)
65 A CE						
Input voltage (VAC)	Phase	mm²	mm²	mm²	mm²	mm²
380	3	4	4	4	4	4
400	3	4	4	4	4	4
85 A CSA						
Input voltage (VAC)	Phase	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)	AWG (mm²)
200-240	1	6 (16)	6 (16)	6 (16)	4 (25)	2 (35)
480	1	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)	8 (10)	8 (10)
200-240	3	8 (10)	8 (10)	8 (10)	6 (16)	4 (25)
400/480	3	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)
600	3	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)
85 A CE						
Input voltage (VAC)	Phase	mm²	mm²	mm²	mm²	mm²
380	3	6	6	6	6	6
400	3	6	6	6	6	6

Engine-driven generator recommendations

Generators used with the Powermax65 or Powermax85 should satisfy the following requirements:

CSA

- 1-phase, 50/60 Hz, 230/240 VAC
- 3-phase, 50/60 Hz, 200-600 VAC (480 VAC recommended for best performance)

CE

3-phase, 50/60 Hz, 380/400 VAC (400 VAC recommended for best performance)

Engine drive rating	System output current	Performance (arc stretch)
20 kw	85 A	Full
15 kw	70 A	Limited
15 kw	65 A	Full
12 kw	65 A	Limited
12 kw	40 A	Full
8 kw	40 A	Limited
8 kw	30 A	Full

Note: Based on the generator rating, age, and condition, adjust the cutting current as needed.

If a fault occurs while using a generator, turning the power switch quickly to OFF and then to ON again (sometimes called a "quick reset") may not clear the fault. Instead, turn OFF the power supply and wait 30 to 45 seconds before turning ON again.

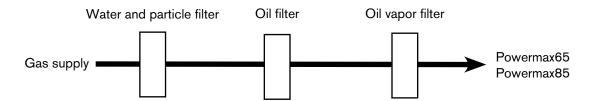
Prepare the gas supply

The gas supply can be shop-compressed or cylinder-compressed. A high-pressure regulator must be used on either type of supply and must be capable of delivering gas to the air inlet on the power supply.

If the supply quality is poor, cut speeds decrease, cut quality deteriorates, cutting thickness capability decreases, and the life of the consumables shortens. For optimal performance, the gas should be compliant with ISO8573-1:2010, Class 1.2.2 (that is, it should have a maximum number of solid particulate per m³ of <20,000 for particle sizes in the range of 0.1-0.5 microns, <400 for particle sizes in the range of 0.5-1 microns, and <10 for particle sizes in the range of 1-5 microns). The maximum water vapor dew point should be <-40° C (-40° F). The maximum oil (aerosol, liquid, and vapor) content should be less than 0.1 mg/m³.

Additional gas filtration

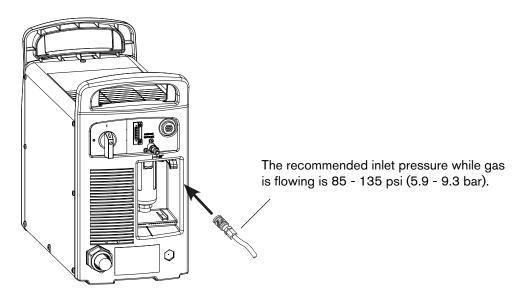
When site conditions introduce moisture, oil, or other contaminants into the gas line, use a 3-stage coalescing filtration system, such as the Eliminizer filter kit (part number 128647) available from Hypertherm distributors. A 3-stage filtering system works as shown below to clean contaminants from the gas supply.



The filtering system should be installed between the gas supply and the power supply. Additional gas filtration may increase the required minimum inlet pressure.

Connect the gas supply

Connect the gas supply to the power supply using an inert-gas hose with a 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) internal diameter and a 1/4 NPT quick-disconnect coupler, or a 1/4 NPT x G-1/4 BSPP (CE units) quick-disconnect coupler.





WARNING

Do not allow the gas supply pressure to exceed 135 psi (9.3 bar). The filter bowl may explode if this pressure is exceeded.

Minimum inlet pressure (while gas is flowing)

This table shows the minimum required inlet pressure when the recommended inlet pressure is not available.

	Torch lead length					
	25 ft (7.62 m)	50 ft (15.24 m)	75 ft (22.86 m)			
Cutting	75 psi (5.2 bar)	80 psi (5.5 bar)	85 psi (5.9 bar)			
Gouging	60 psi (4.1 bar)	65 psi (4.5 bar)	70 psi (4.8 bar)			

Gas flow rates

Cutting	400 scfh, 6.7 scfm (190 slpm) at a minimum 85 psi (5.9 bar)
Gouging	450 scfh, 7.5 scfm (210 slpm) at a minimum 70 psi (4.8 bar)

Section 3

TORCH SETUP

In this section:

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Choose the hand torch consumables	3-5
Hand torch consumables	
Install the hand torch consumables	3-7
Machine torch setup	3-8
Converting an M65/M85 torch to an M65m/M85m torch	
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Aligning the torch	3-17
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Connecting an optional machine interface cable	3-19
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TORCH SETUP

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FineCut® consumables	
85 A unshielded consumables	
65 A unshielded consumables	
45 A unshielded consumables	

Introduction

Duramax™ series handheld and machine torches are available for the Powermax65 and Powermax85 systems. The FastConnect™ quick-disconnect system makes it easy to remove the torch for transport or to switch from one torch to the other if your applications require the use of different torches. The torches are cooled by ambient air and do not require special cooling procedures.

This section explains how to set up your torch and choose the appropriate consumables for the job.

Consumable life

How often you need to change the consumables on your Powermax65 or Powermax85 will depend on a number of factors:

- The thickness of the metal being cut.
- The average length of the cut.
- Whether you are doing machine or hand cutting.
- The air quality (presence of oil, moisture, or other contaminants).
- Whether you are piercing the metal or starting cuts from the edge.
- Proper torch-to-work distance when gouging or cutting with unshielded consumables.
- Proper pierce height.
- Whether you are cutting in "continuous pilot arc" mode or normal mode. Cutting with a continuous pilot arc causes more consumable wear.

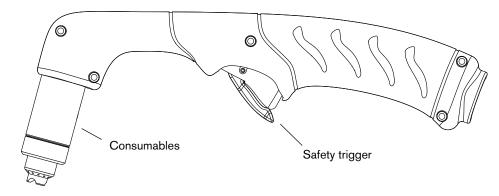
Under normal conditions, the electrode will wear out first during machine cutting and the nozzle will wear out first when hand cutting.

A general rule is that a set of consumables lasts approximately 2 to 3 hours of actual "arc on" time for hand cutting, depending on these factors. For mechanized cutting, consumables should last about 3 to 5 hours.

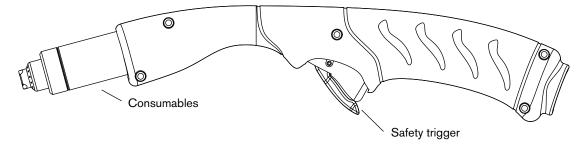
You will find more information about proper cutting techniques in Section 4, Operation.

Hand torch setup

H65/H85



H65s/H85s



Choose the hand torch consumables

Powermax systems with the Duramax series H65, H85, H65s, or H85s torch are shipped with a full set of cutting consumables pre-installed. Hypertherm also includes spare cutting electrodes and nozzles, and gouging consumables in the consumables box.

Both styles of hand torches shown above use the same consumables.

Hand torches use shielded consumables. Therefore, you can drag the torch tip along the metal.

Consumables for hand cutting are shown on the next page. Notice that the retaining cap and electrode are the same for cutting, gouging, and FineCut® applications. Only the shield, nozzle, and swirl ring are different.

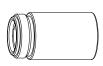
For the best cut quality on thin materials, you may prefer to use FineCut consumables, or use a 45 A nozzle and reduce the amperage to that setting.

Hand torch consumables

Drag-cutting consumables: Powermax65



220818 Shield



220854 Retaining cap



220941 Nozzle



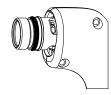
Nozzle



220842 Electrode



220857 Swirl ring



Drag-cutting consumables: Powermax85



220818 Shield



220854 Retaining cap



220941 Nozzle



220819 Nozzle



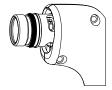
Nozzle



220842 Electrode



220857 Swirl ring



Gouging consumables



220798 Shield



220854 Retaining cap



220797 Nozzle



220842 Electrode



220857 Swirl ring



FineCut® consumables



220931 Shield



220854 Retaining cap



220930 Nozzle



220842 Electrode



220947 Swirl ring



Install the hand torch consumables





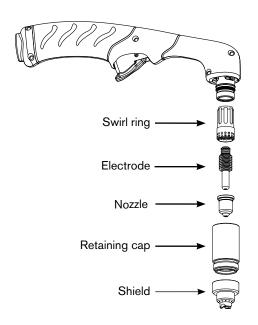
WARNING: INSTANT-ON TORCHES PLASMA ARC CAN CAUSE INJURY AND BURNS

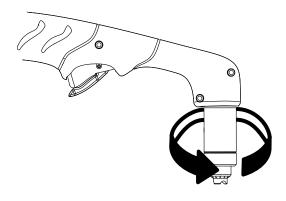


The plasma arc comes on immediately when the torch trigger is activated. Make sure the power is OFF before changing consumables.

To operate the hand torch, a complete set of consumable parts must be installed: shield, retaining cap, nozzle, electrode, and swirl ring.

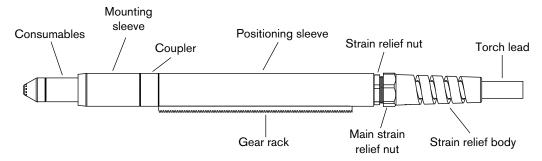
With the power switch in the OFF (O) position, install the torch consumables as shown below.



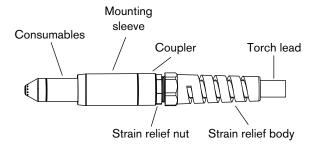


Machine torch setup

M65/M85



M65m/M85m



Before using either style of machine torch, you must:

- Mount the torch on your cutting table or other equipment.
- Choose and install the consumables.
- Align the torch.
- Attach the torch lead to the power supply.
- Set up the power supply for remote starting with either the remote-start pendant or a machine interface cable.

Converting an M65/M85 torch to an M65m/M85m torch

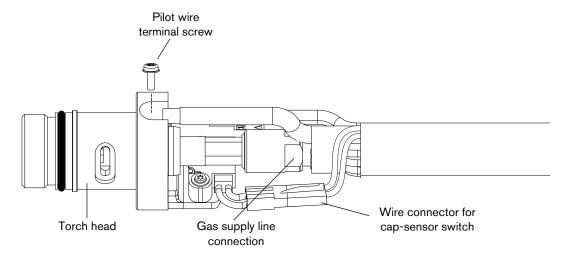
You can convert a full-length machine torch to a mini-machine torch by removing the positioning sleeve.

Note: If you are converting a full-length machine torch to a mini-machine torch and mounting the torch at the same time, skip this section and follow the instructions in 3-11 *Mount the torch*.

Refer to the figures in the section 3-8 Machine torch setup and follow these instructions.

Note: While disconnecting and reconnecting the torch parts, maintain the same orientation between the torch head and torch lead. Twisting the torch head in relation to the torch lead can cause damage.

- 1. Disconnect the torch lead from the power supply and remove the consumables from the torch.
- 2. Unscrew the strain relief body from the strain relief nut and slide the strain relief body back along the torch lead.
- 3. Unscrew the strain relief nut from the positioning sleeve and slide the nut back along the torch lead.
- 4. Unscrew the positioning sleeve from the coupler.
- 5. Unscrew the coupler from the mounting sleeve.
- 6. Remove the three screws from the consumables end of the mounting sleeve and slide the mounting sleeve off the front of the torch body.



- 7. Disconnect the wire connector for the cap-sensor switch.
- 8. Use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to remove the screw that secures the torch's pilot wire to the torch body.
- 9. Use 1/4-inch and 3/8-inch wrenches, or adjustable wrenches, to loosen the nut that secures the gas supply line to the torch lead. Set the torch body aside.
- 10. Slide the coupler and positioning sleeve off the front of the torch lead.
- 11. Slide the coupler over the torch lead.
- 12. Reconnect the gas line to the torch lead.
- 13. Reattach the torch's pilot wire to the torch body using the screw.
- 14. Reconnect the cap-sensor switch's wire connector.
- 15. Slide the mounting sleeve over the front of the torch body. Align the slot on the front of the mounting sleeve (next to one of the three screw holes) with the cap-sensor plunger on the torch body.
- 16. Attach the mounting sleeve to the torch body using the three screws.
- 17. Screw the coupler into the mounting sleeve.
- 18. Screw the strain relief nut into the coupler.
- 19. Screw the strain relief body into the strain relief nut.

Mount the torch

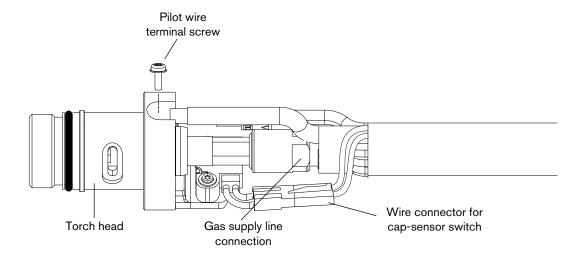
Depending on the type of cutting table you have, you may or may not need to disassemble the torch to route it through the track and mount it. If your cutting table's track is large enough for you to thread the torch through it without removing the torch body from the lead, do so and then attach the torch to the lifter per the manufacturer's instructions.

Note: The Duramax machine torches can be mounted on a wide variety of X-Y tables, track burners, pipe bevelers, and other equipment. Install the torch per the manufacturer's instructions and follow the instructions below for disassembly if necessary.

If you need to disassemble and reassemble the torch, refer to the figures in the section 3-8 *Machine torch setup* and follow these instructions.

Note: While disconnecting and reconnecting the torch parts, maintain the same orientation between the torch head and torch lead. Twisting the torch head in relation to the torch lead can cause damage.

- 1. Disconnect the torch lead from the power supply and remove the consumables from the torch.
- 2. Unscrew the strain relief body from the strain relief nut and slide the strain relief body back along the torch lead.
- 3. Unscrew the strain relief nut from the positioning sleeve (full-length machine torch) and slide the nut back along the torch lead.
- 4. Unscrew the positioning sleeve from the coupler.
- 5. Unscrew the coupler from the mounting sleeve.
- 6. Remove the three screws from the consumables end of the mounting sleeve and slide the mounting sleeve off the front of the torch body.



- 7. Disconnect the wire connector for the cap-sensor switch.
- 8. Use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to remove the screw that secures the torch's pilot wire to the torch body.
- 9. Use 1/4-inch and 3/8-inch wrenches, or adjustable wrenches, to loosen the nut that secures the gas supply line to the torch lead. Set the torch body aside.

Note: Cover the end of the gas line on the torch lead with tape to keep dirt and other contaminants from getting in the gas line when you route the lead through the track.

- 10. Slide the coupler, positioning sleeve (full-length machine torch), strain relief nut, and strain relief body off the front of the torch lead.
- 11. If you do not need the gear rack on a full-length machine torch, slide the gear rack from the positioning sleeve toward the consumables end of the sleeve.
- 12. Route the torch lead through the cutting table's track.

- 13. Slide the strain relief body and strain relief nut over the torch lead.
- 14. If you are mounting a full-length machine torch, slide the positioning sleeve over the torch head.
- 15. Slide the coupler over the torch lead.
- 16. Reconnect the gas line to the torch lead.
- 17. Reattach the torch's pilot wire to the torch body using the screw.
- 18. Reconnect the cap-sensor switch's wire connector.
- 19. Slide the mounting sleeve over the front of the torch body. Align the slot on the front of the mounting sleeve (next to one of the three screw holes) with the cap-sensor plunger on the torch body.
- 20. Attach the mounting sleeve to the torch body using the three screws.
- 21. Screw the coupler into the mounting sleeve.
- 22. If you are mounting a full-length machine torch, screw the positioning sleeve into the coupler.
- 23. Reconnect the strain relief nut and strain relief body.
- 24. Attach the torch to the lifter per the manufacturer's instructions.

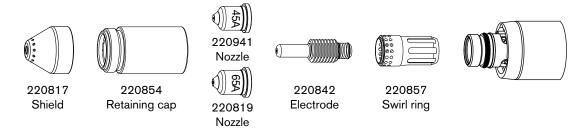
Choose the machine torch consumables

Powermax systems with the Duramax M65, M85, M65m, or M85m are shipped with a complete set of consumables. Hypertherm also includes spare electrodes and nozzles. In addition, an ohmic-sensing retaining cap is available for use with shielded consumables. With shielded consumables, the torch tip may touch the metal when cutting. With unshielded consumables, you must keep the torch a small distance, about .08 inch (2 mm), away from the metal. Unshielded consumables generally have a shorter life than shielded consumables.

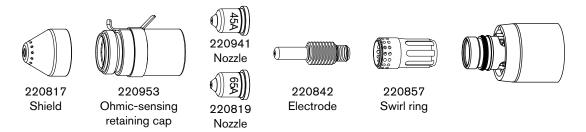
Both styles of machine torches use the same consumables.

Machine torch consumables

Mechanized shielded consumables: Powermax65



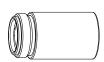
Mechanized shielded with ohmic consumables: Powermax65



Mechanized unshielded consumables: Powermax65







220854 Retaining cap



Nozzle



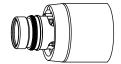
220819 Nozzle



220842 Electrode



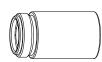
220857 Swirl ring



Mechanized shielded consumables: Powermax85







220854 Retaining cap



Nozzle



220819 Nozzle



Nozzle

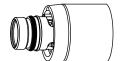


220842





Swirl ring



Mechanized shielded with ohmic consumables: Powermax85



Shield



Ohmic-sensing retaining cap



220819



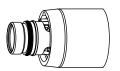
220816 Nozzle



220842 Electrode



220857 Swirl ring



Mechanized unshielded consumables: Powermax85





Nozzle 220819 Nozzle



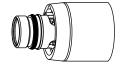
220842

Electrode



220857

Swirl ring



220955 Deflector

220854 Retaining cap

220816

Nozzle

Gouging consumables













220798 Shield

220854 Retaining cap

220797 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

FineCut® shielded consumables



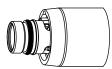












220948 Shield

220953 Retaining cap

220930 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

FineCut® unshielded consumables



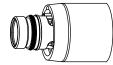












220955 Deflector

220854 Retaining cap

220930 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

Install the machine torch consumables





WARNING INSTANT-ON TORCHES PLASMA ARC CAN CAUSE INJURY AND BURNS



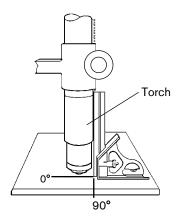
The plasma arc comes on immediately when the torch is activated. Make sure the power is OFF before changing the consumables.

To operate the machine torch, a complete set of consumable parts must be installed: shield, retaining cap, nozzle, electrode, and swirl ring.

With the power switch in the OFF (O) position, install the machine torch consumables in a manner similar to the hand torch consumables. Refer to 3-7 *Install the hand torch consumables*.

Aligning the torch

Mount the machine torch perpendicular to the workpiece in order to get a vertical cut. Use a square to align the torch at 0° and 90°.



Connecting an optional remote-start pendant

Powermax65 and Powermax85 configurations with a Duramax machine torch can include an optional remote-start pendant.

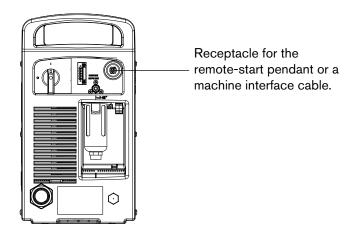
Part number 128650: 25 foot (7.6 m)

Part number 128651: 50 foot (15 m)

Part number 128652: 75 foot (23 m)

Remove the receptacle cover and plug the Hypertherm remote-start pendant into the receptacle on the rear of the power supply.

Note: The remote-start pendant is for use only with a machine torch. It will not operate if a handheld torch is installed.



Connecting an optional machine interface cable

The Powermax65 and Powermax85 power supplies are equipped with an optional, factoryinstalled, five-position voltage divider that is designed to be safely connected without tools. The built-in voltage divider provides a scaled down arc voltage of 20:1, 21.1:1, 30:1, 40:1, and 50:1 (maximum output of 18 V). An optional receptacle on the rear of the power supply provides access to the scaled down arc voltage and signals for arc transfer and plasma start.

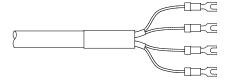
Note: The factory presets the voltage divider to 50:1. To change the voltage divider to a different setting, refer to 3-22 Setting the five-position voltage divider.



Caution: The factory-installed internal voltage divider provides a maximum of 18 V under open circuit conditions. This is an impedance-protected functional extra low voltage (ELV) output to prevent shock, energy, and fire under normal conditions at the machine interface receptacle and under single fault conditions with the machine interface wiring. The voltage divider is not fault tolerant and ELV outputs do not comply with safety extra low voltage (SELV) requirements for direct connection to computer products.

Hypertherm offers several choices of machine interface cables for the Powermax65 and Powermax85:

- To use the built-in voltage divider that provides a scaled down arc voltage in addition to signals for arc transfer and plasma start:
 - Use part number 228350 (25 ft, 7.6 m) or 228351 (50 ft, 15 m) for wires terminated with spade connectors.
 - Use part number 123896 (50 ft, 15 m) for a cable terminated with a D-sub connector. (Compatible with Hypertherm's Edge Ti and Sensor PHC products.)
- To use signals for arc transfer and plasma start only, use either part number 023206 (25 ft, 7.6 m) or part number 023279 (50 ft, 15 m). These cables have spade connectors as shown below.



TORCH SETUP

Note: The cover on the machine interface receptacle prevents dust and moisture from damaging the receptacle when not in use. This cover should be replaced if damaged or lost (part number 127204).

See Section 6, Parts for more information.

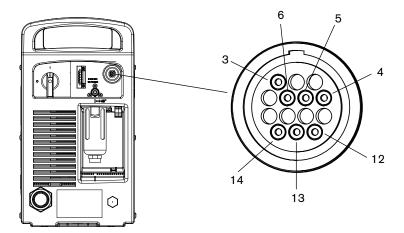
Installation of the machine interface cable must be performed by a qualified service technician. To install a machine interface cable:

- 1. Turn OFF the power and disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the machine interface receptacle's cover from the rear of the power supply.
- Connect the Hypertherm machine interface cable to the power supply.
- 4. If you are using a cable with a D-sub connector on the other end, plug it into the appropriate pin connector on the torch height controller or CNC. Secure it with the screws on the D-sub connector.

If you are using a cable with wires and spade connectors on the other end, terminate the machine interface cable inside the electrical enclosure of listed and certified torch height controllers or CNC controllers to prevent unauthorized access to the connections after installation. Verify that the connections are correct and that all live parts are enclosed and protected before operating the equipment.

Note: The integration of Hypertherm equipment and customer-supplied equipment including interconnecting cords and cables, if not listed and certified as a system, is subject to inspection by local authorities at the final installation site.

The connector sockets for each type of signal available through the machine interface cable are shown in the figure below. The table provides details about each signal type.



Refer to the following table when connecting the Powermax65 or Powermax85 to a torch height controller or CNC controller with a machine interface cable.

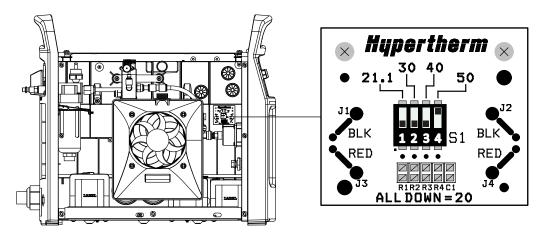
Signal	Туре	Notes	Connector sockets	Cable wires
Start (start plasma)	Input	Normally open. 18 VDC open circuit voltage at START terminals. Requires dry contact closure to activate.	3, 4	Green, black
Transfer (start machine motion)	Output	Normally open. Dry contact closure when the arc transfers. 120 VAC/1 A maximum at the machine interface relay or switching device (supplied by the customer).	12, 14	Red, black
Ground	Ground		13	
Voltage divider	Output	Divided arc signal of 20:1, 21.1:1, 30:1, 40:1, 50:1 (provides a maximum of 18 V).	5 (-), 6 (+)	Black (-), white (+)

Setting the five-position voltage divider

To change the factory preset voltage divider from 50:1 to a different setting:

- 1. Turn OFF the power supply and disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the power supply cover.
- 3. Locate the voltage divider DIP switches on the left side of the power supply.

Note: The figure below shows the default setting (50:1) with the number 4 switch up.



4. Set the DIP switches to one of the following settings and replace the power supply cover.











Accessing raw arc voltage

To access divided raw arc voltage, refer to Field Service Bulletin 807060.

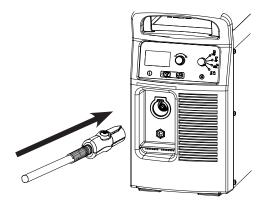


WARNING: HIGH VOLTAGE AND CURRENT

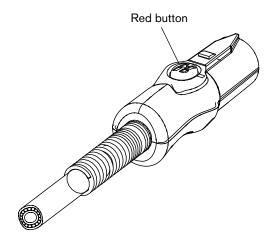
Connecting directly to the plasma circuit for access to raw arc voltage increases the risk of shock hazard, energy hazard, and fire hazard in the event of a single fault. The output voltage and the output current of the circuit are specified on the data plate.

Connecting the torch lead

The Powermax65 and Powermax85 are equipped with FastConnect™, a quick-disconnect system for connecting and disconnecting handheld and machine torch leads. When connecting or disconnecting a torch, first turn OFF the system. To connect either torch, push the connector into the receptacle on the front of the power supply.



To remove the torch, press the red button on the connector and pull the connector out of the receptacle.



Using the cut charts

The following sections provide cut charts for each set of mechanized consumables. A consumable diagram with part numbers precedes each set of charts. For each consumable type, there are Metric and English charts for mild steel, stainless steel, and aluminum.

Each chart contains the following information:

- Material Thickness Thickness of the workpiece (metal plate being cut).
- Torch-to-Work Distance For shielded consumables, the distance between the tip of the shield and the workpiece during cutting. For unshielded consumables, the distance between the tip of the nozzle and the workpiece during cutting.
- Initial Pierce Height Distance between the tip of the shield (shielded) or the nozzle (unshielded) and the workpiece when the torch is triggered, prior to descending to the cut height.
- Pierce Delay Time Length of time the triggered torch remains stationary at the pierce height before the torch starts the cutting motion.
- Best Quality Settings (cut speed and voltage) Settings that provide the starting point
 for finding the best cut quality (best angle, least dross, best cut-surface finish). Adjust the
 speed for your application and table to obtain the desired result.
- Production Settings (cut speed and voltage) 80% of the maximum speed ratings. These speeds result in the greatest number of cut parts, but not necessarily the best possible cut quality.

Note: The arc voltage increases as the consumables wear and the voltage setting should be increased to maintain the correct Torch-to-Work Distance.

Each cut chart lists hot and cold air flow rates.

- Hot air flow rate Plasma is on, the system is operating at running current, and the system is in a steady state at the default system pressure (automatic mode).
- Cold air flow rate Plasma is off and the system is in a steady state with air flowing through the torch at the default system pressure.

Note: Hypertherm collected the data under laboratory test conditions using new consumables.

Estimated kerf-width compensation

The widths in the tables below are for reference. The data are obtained with the "Best Quality" settings. Differences between installations and material composition may cause actual results to vary from those shown in the tables.

Estimated kerf-width compensation - Metric (mm)

				1	hicknes	s (mm))			
Process	0.5	1	2	3	6	8	10	12	16	20
	Mild Steel									
85A Shielded				1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6
65A Shielded			1.6	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	
45A Shielded	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7					
FineCut	0.7	0.7	1.3	1.3						
85A Unshielded			1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	
65A Unshielded			1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0		
45A Unshielded	0.5	0.9	1.3	1.3						
			Sta	ainless S	Steel					
85A Shielded				1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5
65A Shielded			1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	
45A Shielded	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.8					
FineCut	0.6	0.6	1.4	1.5						
85A Unshielded			1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	
65A Unshielded			1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0		
45A Unshielded	0.5	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.5					
				Aluminu	m					
85A Shielded				2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6
65A Shielded			1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	
45A Shielded		1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5					
85A Unshielded			1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	
65A Unshielded			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0		
45A Unshielded		1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5					

Estimated kerf-width compensation - English (inches)

	Thickness (inches)									
Process	22GA	18GA	14GA	10GA	3/16	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4
	Mild Steel									
85A Shielded				0.068	0.071	0.073	0.078	0.090	0.095	0.100
65A Shielded			0.062	0.065	0.068	0.070	0.076	0.088	0.090	0.091
45A Shielded	0.035	0.054	0.055	0.061	0.065	0.066				
FineCut	0.024	0.043	0.049	0.051						
85A Unshielded				0.070	0.073	0.075	0.080	0.085	0.090	
65A Unshielded			0.062	0.064	0.066	0.068	0.075	0.081		
45A Unshielded	0.020	0.050	0.051	0.054	0.057	0.059				
				Stainles	s Steel					
85A Shielded				0.068	0.071	0.073	0.078	0.090	0.095	0.100
65A Shielded			0.062	0.065	0.068	0.070	0.076	0.088	0.090	0.091
45A Shielded	0.035	0.054	0.055	0.061	0.065	0.066				
FineCut	0.024	0.043	0.049	0.051						
85A Unshielded				0.070	0.073	0.075	0.080	0.085	0.090	
65A Unshielded			0.062	0.064	0.066	0.068	0.075	0.081		
45A Unshielded	0.020	0.050	0.051	0.054	0.057	0.059				
				Alumi	num					
		1/32	1/16	1/8	3/16	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4
85A Shielded				0.080	0.078	0.075	0.080	0.090	0.095	0.100
65A Shielded			0.073	0.074	0.075	0.076	0.083	0.091	0.100	
45A Shielded		0.059	0.061	0.065		0.060				
85A Unshielded				0.075	0.075	0.075	0.080	0.082	0.088	
65A Unshielded			0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.072	0.079		
45A Unshielded		0.062	0.058	0.057		0.061				

85 A shielded consumables

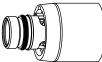












220817 Shield

220854 Retaining cap

220816 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring



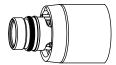












220817 Shield

220953 Ohmic-sensing retaining cap

220816 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

3-28

85A Shielded Mild Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	190 / 400					
Cold	235 / 500					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Productio	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ght	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
3				0.1	6800	122	9200	120	
4		3.8		0.2	5650	122	7300	122	
6			250		3600	123	4400	125	
8				0.5	2500	125	3100	127	
10	1 5				1680	127	2070	128	
12	1.5	4.5	300	0.7	1280	130	1600	130	
16		4.5	300	1.0	870	134	930	133	
20		6.0	400	1.5	570	137	680	136	
25			Edas S	to et	350	142	450	141	
30			Edge S	ıarı	200	146	300	144	

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Productio	n Settings
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ght	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
10GA				0.0	250	122	336	121
3/16 in		0.15	050	0.2	185	123	220	123
1/4 in		0.15	250		130	123	160	126
3/8 in				0.5	70	126	86	127
1/2 in		0.10	300		45	131	56	131
5/8 in	0.06	0.18		1.0	35	134	37	133
3/4 in		0.24	400	1.5	24	136	29	135
7/8 in					19	139	22	138
1 in			Edas S	tout	13	142	17	141
1-1/8 in			Edge S	ıarı	9	145	13	143
1-1/4 in					7	148	10	146

85A Shielded Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	190 / 400					
Cold	235 / 500					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce Height		Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance			Delay		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
3		3.8		0.1	7500	122	9200	120
4			050	0.2	6100	122	7500	120
6			250	0.5	3700	122	4600	122
8					2450	124	3050	124
10	1.5				1550	127	1900	126
12		4.5	300	0.7	1100	131	1400	130
16				1.0	700	135	760	134
20		<u> </u>			480	138	570	137
25			Edge Sta		300	143	370	141

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce Height		Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance			Delay		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
10GA				0.2	275	122	336	120
3/16 in		0.15	050	250 0.5	200	122	240	121
1/4 in		0.15	250		130	122	164	122
3/8 in					65	126	80	125
1/2 in	0.06	0.10	200		36	132	48	131
5/8 in		0.18	300	1.0	28	135	30	134
3/4 in					20	137	24	136
7/8 in		Edge St		art	16	140	19	139
1 in					11	143	14	141

85A Shielded Aluminum

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	190 / 400					
Cold	235 / 500					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay		Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
3		0.0		0.1	8000	122	9400	121	
4			250	0.2	6500	123	8000	123	
6		3.8			3800	126	4900	126	
8				0.5	2650	130	3470	129	
10	1.5				1920	132	2500	131	
12		4.5	300	0.7	1450	134	1930	133	
16				1.0	950	139	1200	137	
20			Edma C		600	143	880	141	
25			Edge S	ıarı	380	146	540	144	

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce		Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
1/8 in				0.2	300	122	360	121
1/4 in		0.15	250		130	127	172	127
3/8 in				0.5	80	132	104	131
1/2 in	0.06	0.10	200		50	135	68	133
5/8 in	0.06	0.18	300	1.0	38	139	48	137
3/4 in					25	142	37	140
7/8 in			Edge S	tart	20	144	29	142
1 in					14	146	20	144

65 A shielded consumables

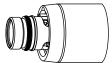












220817 Shield

220854 Retaining cap

220819 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring



220817 Shield



220953 Ohmic-sensing retaining cap



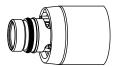
220819 Nozzle



220842 Electrode



220857 Swirl ring



65A Shielded Mild Steel

Air flov	Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	160 / 340						
Cold	220 / 470						

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce Height		Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance			Delay		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
2				0.1	6050	124	7000	121
3		3.8	250	0.2	5200	125	6100	123
4					4250	125	5100	124
6				0.5	2550	127	3240	127
8	1.5				1700	129	2230	128
10	1.0	4.5	200	0.7	1100	131	1500	129
12		4.5	300	1.2	850	134	1140	131
16		6.0	400	2.0	560	138	650	136
20			das C	tout	350	142	450	142
25			Edge S	ıarı	210	145	270	145

Meterial	Torch-	Initial F	Initial Pierce Height		Best Quali	ty Settings	Production	n Settings
Material Thickness	to-Work Distance				Delay		Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
16GA				0.1	260	123	294	121
10GA			0.1	0.1	190	125	224	123
3/16 in			250	0.2	140	126	168	125
1/4 in				0.5	90	127	116	127
3/8 in	0.06			0.7	45	130	62	129
1/2 in	0.06	0.18	300	1.2	30	135	40	132
5/8 in		0.24	400	2.0	23	138	26	136
3/4 in					15	141	19	141
7/8 in		E	Edge Start		12	143	14	143
1 in					8	145	10	145

65A Shielded Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot 160 / 340						
Cold	220 / 470					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial Pi	erce	Pierce	Best Quali	ity Settings	ngs Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance	-Work Height		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
2				0.1	8100	125	10000	121	
3		3.8		0.2	6700	125	8260	123	
4			250	0.5	0.5	125	6150	124	
6				0.5	2450	126	2850	126	
8	1.5				1500	129	1860	129	
10		4 =	300	0.7	960	132	1250	132	
12		4.5	300	1.2	750	135	920	134	
16			da C		500	139	500	139	
20			dge St	arı	300	143	370	143	

Material	Torch-	Initial Pi	0.00	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		Height		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
16GA				0.1	345	124	426	121
10GA				0.1	240	125	296	123
3/16 in		0.15		0.2	155	126	168	125
1/4 in	0.06			0.5	80	126	96	126
3/8 in	0.06			0.7	40	131	52	131
1/2 in		0.18	300	1.2	26	136	32	135
5/8 in			Edge Start		20	139	20	139
3/4 in		E(uge Si	arı	14	142	15	142

65A Shielded Aluminum

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	160 / 340					
Cold	220 / 470					

Metric

Motorial	Torch-	Initial	Diares	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Productio	n Settings	
Material Thickness	to-Work Distance	Initial Pierce Height		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
2				0.1	8800	121	10300	122	
3			250	0.2	7400	124	8800	124	
4		3.8		0.5	6000	126	7350	125	
6					3200	130	4400	128	
8	1.5			0.7	1950	133	2750	130	
10		4.5	200	0.7	1200	136	1650	132	
12		4.5	300	1.2	1000	138	1330	136	
16			Г.I С	`to#	650	143	800	141	
20			Edge S	otarī	380	147	560	145	

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance		Height	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts	
1/16 in				0.4	365	121	428	121	
1/8 in		0.15	250	0.1	280 124 336	336	124		
1/4 in		0.15		0.5	105	131	152	128	
3/8 in	0.06			0.7	50	135	68	131	
1/2 in		0.18	300	1.2	35	139	48	138	
5/8 in			F.I. O		26	143	32	141	
3/4 in			Edge S	otart	16	146	24	144	

45 A shielded consumables













220817 Shield

220854 Retaining cap

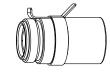
220941 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857

Swirl ring

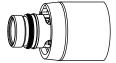












220817 Shield

220953 Ohmic-sensing retaining cap

220941 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

3-36

45A Shielded Mild Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	150 / 310					
Cold	210/ 450					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial	Diarea	Pierce	Best Quali	ity Settings	Productio	n Settings
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
0.5			250	0.0	9000	128	12500	126
1					9000	128	10800	128
1.5				0.1	9000	130	10200	129
2	1.5	3.8		0.3	6600	130	7800	129
3				0.4	3850	133	4900	131
4				0.4	2200	134	3560	131
6				0.5	1350	137	2050	132

Motorial	Torch-		Pierce	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings Production Settings		
Material Thickness	to-Work Distance	Hei		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
26GA				0.0	350	128	500	128
22GA	0.00	0.08	400	0.0	350	128	450	128
18GA	0.02		400	0.1	350	129	400	128
16GA				0.1	350	130	400	129
14GA				0.2	270	130	320	129
12GA				0.4	190	133	216	131
10GA	0.06	0.15	250	0.4	100	134	164	131
3/16 in				0.5	70	135	108	132
1/4 in				0.6	48	137	73	132

45A Shielded Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot 150 / 310						
Cold	210/ 450					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial P	liores	Pierce	Best Quali	ity Settings Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance	Heig		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
0.5				0.0	9000	130	12500	129
1				0.0	9000	130	10800	130
1.5				0.1	9000	130	10200	130
2	1.5	3.8	250	0.3	6000	132	8660	131
3				0.4	3100	132	4400	132
4				0.4	2000	134	2600	134
6				0.5	900	140	1020	139

Material	Torch-	to-Work Height Delay		Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production	n Settings
Thickness	to-Work Distance			Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
26GA				0.0	350	130	500	129
22GA	0.00	0.08	400	0.0	350	130	450	129
18GA	0.02	0.06		0.1	350	130	400	130
16GA				0.1	350	130	400	130
14GA				0.2	250	132	360	131
12GA				0.4	140	132	206	131
10GA	0.06	0.15	250	0.4	100	133	134	134
3/16 in				0.5	52	135	58	135
1/4 in				0.6	30	141	35	140

45A Shielded Aluminum

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh					
Hot	150 / 310				
Cold	210/ 450				

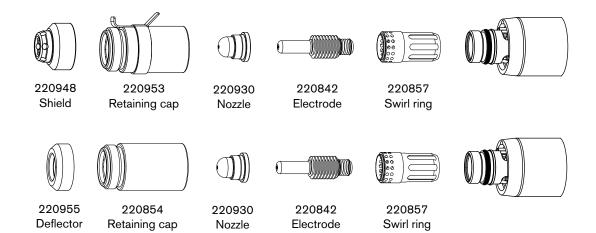
Metric

Motorial	Material Torch- Initial P		Diores	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
1				0.0	8250	136	11000	136
2				0.1	6600	136	9200	135
3	1.5	3.8	250	0.2	3100	139	6250	134
4				0.4	2200	141	4850	135
6				0.5	1500	142	2800	137

Material	Torch- Initial Pierce		Diarea	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
1/32 in				0.0	325	136	450	136
1/16 in				0.1	325	136	400	136
3/32 in	0.06	0.15	250	0.2	200	136	328	134
1/8 in				0.4	100 140	140	224	134
1/4 in				0.5	54	142	96	137

FineCut® consumables

Note: The cut charts in this section apply to both shielded and unshielded consumables.



FineCut Mild Steel

Air flow rate	Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	155 / 330						
Cold	215 / 460						

Metric

Material		Torch-	Initi	Initial Pierce		Best Qual	ity Settings	
Thickness	Amps	to-Work Distance		leight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	Α	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	
0.5					0.0	8250	78	
0.6	40	40				0.0	8250	78
0.8					0.1	8250	78	
1				1.5	3.8	050	0.2	8250
1.5		1.5	3.0	250	0.4	6400	78	
2	45				0.4	5250	82	
3					0.5	2750	83	
4					0.6	1900	84	

Material .		Torch-	Initi	al Pierce	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings
Thickness	Amps	to-Work Distance		leight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage
	Α	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts
26GA					0.0	325	78
24GA	40				0.0	325	78
22GA	40				0.1	325	78
20GA						325	78
18GA		0.06	0.15	250	0.2	325	78
16GA					0.4	250	78
14GA	45				0.4	220	82
12GA					0.5	120	83
10GA					0.5	95	84

FineCut Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh					
Hot 155 / 330					
Cold	215 / 460				

Metric

Material		Torch-	Init	Initial Pierce		Best Qu	ality Settings			
Thickness	Amps	to-Work Distance	Height		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage			
mm	Α	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts			
0.5					0.0	8250	68			
0.6	40				0.0	8250	68			
0.8					0.1	8250	68			
1					0.5	2.0	400	0.2	8250	68
1.5		0.5	2.0	400	0.4	6150	70			
2	45				0.4	4800	71			
3					0.5	2550	81			
4					0.6	1050	84			

Material		Torch-	lm:4	ial Pierce	Pierce	Best Qu	ality Settings
Thickness	Amps	to-Work Distance		Height	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage
	Α	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts
26GA					0.0	325	68
24GA	40				0.0	325	68
22GA	40				0.1	325	68
20GA					0.1	325	68
18GA		0.02	0.08	400	0.2	325	68
16GA					0.4	240	70
14GA	45				0.4	200	70
12GA					0.5	120	80
10GA					0.6	75	83

85 A unshielded consumables

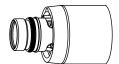












220955 Deflector

220854 Retaining cap

220816 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

85A Unshielded Mild Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh					
Hot 190 / 400					
Cold	235 / 500				

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production	Settings
Thickness	to-Work Distance	Hei	Delay I		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
2				0.0	7150	117	10400	116
3			250	0.1	6240	118	9000	117
4		5.0		0.2	5250	118	7200	117
6		0.0			3450	120	4400	119
8	2.0			0.5	2400	121	3100	121
10	2.0				1560	123	2070	122
12		6.0	300	0.7	1200	126	1600	124
16					820	132	930	128
20			Edge S	Start	540	137	640	132
25					320	143	400	137

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production	Settings
Thickness	to-Work		ght Delay Time		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
14GA				0.1	280	117	416	116
10GA		0.20 2		0.2	230	118	328	117
3/16 in			250	0.2	175	119	220	118
1/4 in				0.5	125	120	160	119
3/8 in	0.00			0.5	65	122	86	122
1/2 in	0.08	0.24	300	0.6	42	127	56	125
5/8 in					33	131	37	128
3/4 in				\11	23	136	27	131
7/8 in]		Edge Start		18	140	21	134
1 in					12	144	15	138

85A Unshielded Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	190 / 400					
Cold	235 / 500					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial	nitial Pierce		Best Quali	ty Settings	Production	Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance	Hei		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage		
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts		
2				0.1	8550	117	11300	116		
3			250	0.1	7000	118	9660	117		
4		5.0		0.2	5600	118	7800	118		
6				0.5	3400	120	4570	121		
8	2.0				2250	121	2970	122		
10		6.0	300	0.5	1430	123	1840	124		
12		6.0	300	0.7	1000	129	1340	128		
16				`1~1	650	134	730	133		
20			Edge S	otart	360	138	570	137		

Material	Torch-	Initial I	Initial Pierce		Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance	-Work Height		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
14GA				0.1	340	117	452	116
10GA		0.20		0.2	250	118	352	118
3/16 in			250	0.2	180	119	249	119
1/4 in	0.08			0.5	120	120	160	121
3/8 in	0.06			0.5	60	122	77	123
1/2 in		0.24	300	0.6	35	131	46	129
5/8 in		Edge Start		`to#	26	134	29	133
3/4 in			⊏uge 3	otart	17	137	24	136

85A Unshielded Aluminum

Air flow	v rate - slpm/scfh
Hot	190 / 400
Cold	235 / 500

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial F	Diores	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work			Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
2				0.1	8700	118	11200	118
3			250	0.1	7350	120	9600	119
4		5.0		0.2	6000	122	8100	120
6				0.5	3300	125	4930	122
8	2.0				2350	127	3250	124
10		6.0	200	0.5	1800	128	2140	127
12		6.0	300	0.7	1300	133	1720	130
16				`11	840	139	1130	134
20			Edge S	itart	470	144	700	138

Material	Torch-	Initial F	Diarea	Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		Height	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
1/8 in			250	0.0	280	120	368	119
3/16 in		0.20		0.2	200 123	271	120	
1/4 in		0.20		0.5	110	126	172	122
3/8 in	0.08				75	127	88	126
1/2 in		0.24	300	0.6	45	135	62	131
5/8 in			F.I. O			139	45	134
3/4 in			Edge S	otart	22	143	32	137

65 A unshielded consumables

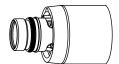












220955 Deflector

220854 Retaining cap

220819 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

65A Unshielded Mild Steel

	Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
	Hot	160 / 340					
İ	Cold	220 / 470					

Metric

Material	Torch- Initial Pierce)iaraa	Pierce	Best Quali	ity Settings	Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance		Height Delay		Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
2				0.1	6050	117	7340	117	
3			250		0.2	5200	118	6330	118
4		5.0		0.5	4250	118	5250	118	
6					2550	120	3560	120	
8	2.0				1620	123	2230	121	
10		6.0	300	0.7	970	127	1500	122	
12					760	129	1140	124	
16			Edge S	e Start	500	134	650	129	
20					280	138	400	133	

Material	Torch-		Diores	Pierce	Best Qual	ity Settings	Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance	Initial Pierce Height		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
16GA				0.1	255	116	308	117
10GA		0.20	250		190	118	232	118
3/16 in		0.20		0.2	135	119	172	119
1/4 in	0.08			0.5	90	120	116	120
3/8 in	0.06	0.24	300	0.7	40	126	62	122
1/2 in					27	130	40	125
5/8 in			Edge S	e Start	20	134	26	129
3/4 in					13	137	18	132

65A Unshielded Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh					
Hot	160 / 340				
Cold	220 / 470				

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce		Pierce	Best Quali	Best Quality Settings Production Setting		
Thickness	to-Work		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
2				0.1	7950	117	10300	116
3			250	0.2	6600	118	8500	117
4		5.0		0.5	5050	119	6500	119
6	2.0				2300	121	3070	121
8	2.0			0.7	1400	123	1900	122
10		6.0	300	0.7	920	126	1250	123
12			Edge S	Stort	710	130	925	127
16			⊏uge 3	olari	430	135	500	133

Material	Torch-	Initial F	Diarea	Pierce	Best Quality Settings		Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		Height	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
16GA			20 250	0.1	340	116	437	115
10GA		0.20			235	118	304	118
3/16 in		0.20		0.2	150	120	194	120
1/4 in	0.08			0.5	75	121	100	121
3/8 in		0.24	300	0.7	38	125	52	122
1/2 in					25	132	32	129
5/8 in			Edge S	otart	17	135	20	133

65A Unshielded Aluminum

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	160 / 340					
Cold	220 / 470					

Metric

Material	Torch-	. Initial Pierce		Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
2				0.1	7750	123	11300	122	
3			5.0 250		0.2	6550	124	9500	123
4		5.0		250 0.5	5400	125	7640	124	
6	2.0				3000	127	3900	126	
8	2.0			0.7	1800	130	2460	127	
10		6.0	300	0.7	1100	133	1640	129	
12			Edma C	· tout	900	135	1250	133	
16			Edge S	otart	600	139	700	136	

Material	Torch- Initial Pierce		Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
1/16 in					325	122	476	122
1/8 in		0.20	250	0.1	250	124	360	123
3/16 in		0.20			175	125	245	124
1/4 in	0.08			0.5	100	127	128	126
3/8 in		0.24	300	0.7	45	132	68	128
1/2 in			Edge Start		32	136	44	134
5/8 in			Euge 3	otart	24	138	28	136

45 A unshielded consumables

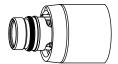












220955 Deflector

220854 Retaining cap

220941 Nozzle

220842 Electrode

220857 Swirl ring

45A Unshielded Mild Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	147 / 310					
Cold	210 / 450					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial	Diores	Pierce	Best Quality Settings		Production Settings			
Thickness	to-Work Distance	Hei		Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage		
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts		
0.5				0.0	9000	120	12500	120		
1					9000	120	10800	121		
1.5						0.1	7700	120	10200	121
2	1.5	3.8	250	0.3	6150	119	7800	122		
3				0.4	3950	121	4900	123		
4				0.4	2350	123	3560	124		
6				0.5	1400	126	2050	124		

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce		Pierce	Best Quality Settings		Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ght	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
26GA				0.0	350	120	500	120
22GA					350	120	450	120
18GA				0.1	350	119	400	121
16GA					300	121	400	121
14GA	0.06	0.15	250	0.2	250	119	320	122
12GA				0.4	200	120	216	123
10GA				0.4	100	123	164	124
3/16 in				0.5	85	122	108	124
1/4 in				0.6	48	127	73	124

45A Unshielded Stainless Steel

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh						
Hot	147 / 310					
Cold	210 / 450					

Metric

Material	Torch-	Initial Pierce		Pierce	Best Quali	ty Settings	Production Settings		
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts	
0.5			250	0.0	9000	121	12500	119	
1					9000	121	10800	119	
1.5					0.1	9000	121	10200	120
2	1.5	3.8		0.3	6000	122	9600	120	
3				0.4	3250	123	4750	120	
4				0.4	1900	128	3000	122	
6				0.5	700	130	1450	124	

Material	Torch-	Initial	Pierce	Pierce	Best Quali	ity Settings	Productio	n Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage	
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts	
26GA				0.0	350	120	500	119	
22GA	0.02	0.08	400	400		350	120	450	119
18GA	0.02			0.1	350	118	400	119	
16GA					350	121	400	120	
14GA				0.2	300	122	400	120	
12GA				0.4	150	121	224	120	
10GA	0.06	0.15	250	0.4	100	125	140	121	
3/16 in			0.5 0.6	0.5	42	131	88	123	
1/4 in				0.6	25	130	48	124	

45A Unshielded Aluminum

Air flow rate - slpm/scfh					
Hot	147 / 310				
Cold	210 / 450				

Metric

Material	Torch-	Torch- Initial Pier		Pierce	Best Quality Settings		Production Settings	
Thickness	to-Work Distance		ight	Delay Time	Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
mm	mm	mm	%	seconds	(mm/min)	Volts	(mm/min)	Volts
1				0.0	7400	126	11000	121
2				0.1	4400	127	9200	123
3	1.5	3.8	250	0.2	2800	129	6250	125
4				0.4	2100	132	4700	126
6				0.5	1050	135	2250	127

Motorial	Torch- to-Work Distance	Initial Pierce Height		Pierce Delay Time	Best Quality Settings		Production Settings	
Material Thickness					Cut Speed	Voltage	Cut Speed	Voltage
	in	in	%	seconds	ipm	Volts	ipm	Volts
1/32 in	0.06	0.15	250	0.0	325	126	450	121
1/16 in				0.1	200	126	400	122
3/32 in				0.2	150	127	328	124
1/8 in				0.4	100	130	224	125
1/4 in				0.5	36	136	72	127

Section 4

OPERATION

In this section:

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Rear controls	4-3
Front controls and LEDs	4-3
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OPERATION

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Controls and indicators

The Powermax65 and Powermax85 power supplies have the following: ON/OFF switch, adjustment knob, automatic/manual pressure setting mode selector, current/gas selector, operating mode switch, indicator LEDs, and a status screen.

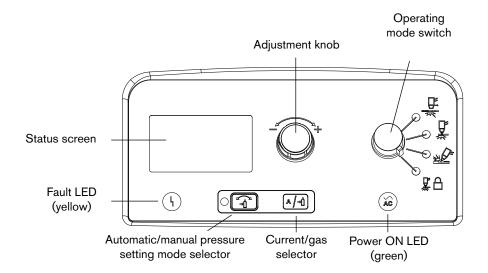
Rear controls



ON (I)/OFF (O) power switch

Activates the power supply and its control circuits.

Front controls and LEDs





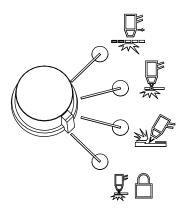
Fault LED (yellow)

When illuminated, this LED indicates that there is a fault with the power supply. For information about these fault conditions and how to correct them, see Section 5, *Maintenance and Repair.*



Power ON LED (green)

When illuminated, this LED indicates that the power switch has been set to I (ON) and that the safety interlocks are satisfied. When blinking, the power supply has a fault.



Operating mode switch

The operating mode switch can be set in one of four positions:

- Continuous pilot arc. Cuts expanded metal or grate.
- Non-continuous pilot arc. Cuts or pierces metal plate.
 This is the standard setting for normal drag-cutting.
- Gouge. Gouges metal plate.
- Torch lock. Same as the non-continuous pilot arc mode except the torch is locked in the ON position when you release the trigger during a cut.



Automatic/manual pressure setting mode selector

The selector switches between automatic and manual mode. In automatic mode, the power supply automatically sets the gas pressure based upon the torch type and lead length and the adjustment knob sets only the amperage. In manual mode, the adjustment knob sets either the gas pressure or the amperage. This LED is illuminated in manual mode.

Note: Manual mode should be used by experienced users who need to optimize the gas setting (override the automatic gas setting) for a specific cutting application.

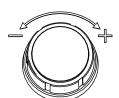
When you switch from manual mode to automatic mode, the power supply automatically sets the gas pressure and the amperage setting is unchanged. When you switch from automatic mode to manual mode, the power supply remembers the previous manual gas pressure setting and the amperage setting is unchanged.

When you reset the power, the power supply remembers the previous mode, gas pressure, and amperage settings.



Current/gas selector

When in manual mode, this selector toggles between amperage and gas pressure for manual adjustments using the adjustment knob.

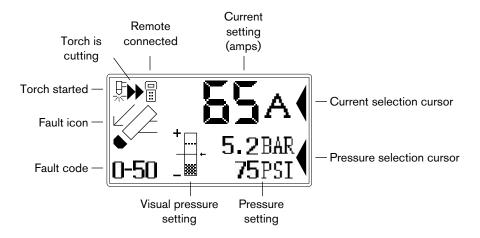


Adjustment knob

This knob adjusts the amperage. When operating in manual mode, this knob can also adjust the gas pressure, overriding the automatic setting for optimized applications.

Status screen

The status screen shows system status and fault information.



Gas pressure indicators

In manual mode, the gas pressure is displayed in bar and psi. The gas pressure bar is also a visual indicator of the gas pressure.



Gas pressure bar

When the arrow is centered in the vertical bar (the reference pressure of the automatic pressure setting), the gas pressure is set to the preset (factory-defined) value. If the pressure is higher than the preset value, the arrow appears above the mid-point of the bar. If the pressure is lower than the preset value, the arrow appears below the mid-point of the bar.

Note:

In automatic mode, the power supply adjusts the pressure to the preset value. You can use manual mode to adjust the pressure to satisfy the needs of a particular cutting job. Refer to 4-13 *Manually adjusting the gas pressure*.

System status icons

The screen displays icons to indicate the system's status.



Torch started

Indicates that the torch has received a start signal and has initiated a pilot arc.



Torch is cutting

Indicates that the cutting arc has transferred to the metal and the torch is cutting.



Remote control

Indicates that a remote control is controlling the power supply. All local controls are disabled

Fault codes

When a power supply or torch fault occurs, the system displays a fault code in the lower-left corner of the status screen and displays a corresponding fault icon above the code. The first digit is always zero. The other two digits identify the problem. Refer to Section 5, *Maintenance and Repair*.

Note:

Only one fault code is displayed. If more than one fault occurs at the same time, only the fault code with the highest priority is displayed.

Fault icons

The fault icons that appear on the left side of the status screen are described below. A fault code also appears to identify the fault. Refer to Section 5, *Maintenance and Repair*.



Warning

The system continues to run.



Fault

The system stops cutting. If you can not correct the problem and restart the system, contact your distributor or Hypertherm Technical Service.



Error

The system requires service. Contact your distributor or Hypertherm Technical Service.



Torch cap sensor

Indicates that the consumables are loose, improperly installed, or missing. Turn OFF the power, properly install the consumables, and turn ON the system again to reset the power supply.



Temperature

Indicates that the temperature of the power supply power module is outside the acceptable operating range.



Gas

Indicates that the gas is disconnected from the rear of the power supply or there is a problem with the gas supply.



Internal Serial Communications Interface

Indicates a problem with the SCI communications between the control board and the DSP board.

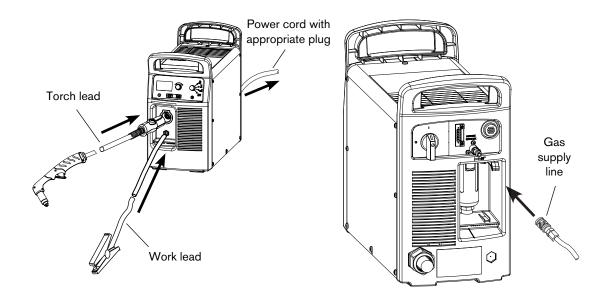
Operating the Powermax65 or Powermax85

Follow the steps below to begin cutting or gouging with the Powermax65 or Powermax85.

Connect the electrical power, gas supply, and torch lead

For information on connecting the proper power cord with plug to the power supply, refer to Section 2, *Power Supply Setup*.

Plug in the power cord and connect the gas supply line. For more information about the electrical requirements and the gas supply requirements of the Powermax65 and Powermax85, see Section 2, *Power Supply Setup*. To connect the torch, push the FastConnect™ connector into the receptacle on the front of the power supply You will attach the work lead in the next section.



Attach the work lead to the power supply

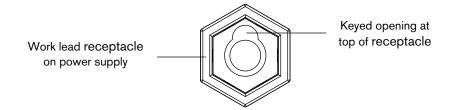


Caution: Make sure you use a work lead that is appropriate for your power supply. Use a 65 A work lead with the Powermax65.

Use an 85 A work lead with the Powermax85. The amperage is marked near the rubber boot of the work lead connector.

1. Insert the work lead connector into the receptacle on the front of the power supply.

Note: The receptacle is keyed. Align the key on the work lead connector with the opening at the top of the receptacle on the power supply.



2. Push the work lead connector all the way into the receptacle on the power supply and turn clockwise, approximately 1/4 turn, until the connector is fully seated against the stop in order to achieve an optimal electrical connection.



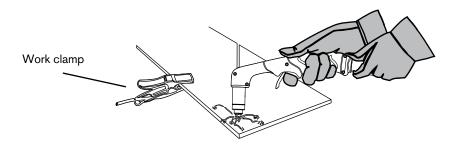
Caution: Ensure the work lead is fully seated in the receptacle to prevent overheating.

Attach the work clamp to the workpiece

The work clamp must be connected to the workpiece while you are cutting. If you are using the Powermax65 or Powermax85 with a cutting table, you can connect the work lead directly to the table instead of attaching the work clamp to the workpiece. See your table manufacturer's instructions.

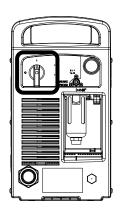
Note the following:

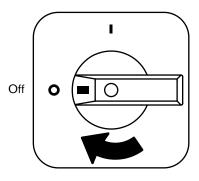
- Ensure that the work clamp and the workpiece make good metal-to-metal contact.
 Remove rust, dirt, paint, coatings, and other debris to ensure the power supply makes proper contact with the workpiece.
- For the best cut quality, attach the work clamp as close as possible to the area being cut.
- Do not attach the work clamp to the portion of the workpiece to be cut away.

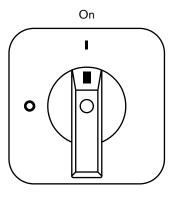


Turn ON the system

Set the ON/OFF switch to the ON (I) position.



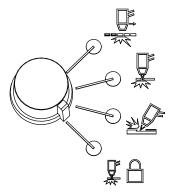




Set the operating mode switch

Use the operating mode switch to select the type of work you want to perform.

In automatic gas mode, Smart Sense™ technology automatically adjusts the gas pressure according to the selected cutting mode and torch lead length for optimum cutting.



For cutting expanded metal, grates, metal containing holes, or any job that requires a continuous pilot arc. Using this mode to cut standard metal plate reduces consumable life.

For cutting or piercing metal. This is the standard setting for normal drag-cutting.

For gouging metal. (Note: Using this mode while cutting results in poor cut quality.)

Locks the torch in the ON (fire) position. With this option selected, press the trigger to fire the torch. You can then release the trigger while continuing to cut. Press the trigger again to stop the arc. The arc also stops if you lose transfer.

Check the indicators

Verify the following:

- The green power ON LED on the front of the power supply is illuminated.
- The Fault LED is not illuminated.
- No error icons appear in the status screen.

If a fault icon appears in the status screen, or the Fault LED is illuminated, or the power ON LED is blinking, correct the fault condition before continuing. See Section 5, *Maintenance and Repair* for more information.

Manually adjusting the gas pressure

For normal operations, the power supply automatically adjusts the gas pressure. If you need to adjust the gas pressure for a specific application, you can use manual mode to do so.

Note: Manual mode should be used by experienced users who need to optimize the gas setting (override the automatic gas setting) for a specific cutting application.

When you switch from manual mode to automatic mode, the power supply automatically sets the gas pressure and the amperage setting is unchanged. When you switch from automatic mode to manual mode, the power supply remembers the previous manual gas pressure setting and the amperage setting is unchanged.

When you reset the power, the power supply remembers the previous mode, gas pressure, and amperage settings.

To adjust the pressure:

- 1. Press the automatic/manual pressure setting mode selector so that the LED next to the selector illuminates. Refer to the diagram in 4-3 *Front controls and LEDs*.
- 2. Press the current/gas selector until the selection cursor is opposite the gas pressure setting in the status screen.
- 3. Turn the adjustment knob to adjust the gas pressure to the desired level. Watch the arrow in the pressure bar as you adjust the pressure.

Adjusting the current (amperage)

Turn the adjustment knob to adjust the current for your particular cutting application.

If the system is in manual mode, do the following to adjust the amperage.

- 1. Press the current/gas selector until the selection cursor is opposite the amperage setting in the status screen.
- 2. Turn the adjustment knob to change the amperage.
- 3. If you wish to exit manual mode, press the automatic/manual pressure setting mode selector. The LED goes off.

Note: When you exit manual mode, the gas pressure resets to the factory-optimized value.

When you switch between manual mode and automatic mode, the power supply retains the amperage setting. When you reset the power, the power supply returns to the previous mode (automatic mode or manual mode) and remembers the previous amperage setting.

Understanding duty-cycle limitations

The duty cycle is the amount of time, in minutes, that a plasma arc can remain on within a 10-minute period when operating at an ambient temperature of 104° F (40° C).

With a Powermax65:

- At 65 A, the arc can remain on for 5 minutes out of 10 minutes without causing the unit to overheat (50% duty cycle).
- At 59 A, the arc can remain on for 6 minutes out of 10 (60%)
- At 46 A, the arc can remain on for 10 minutes out of 10 (100%).

With a Powermax85:

- At 85 A, the arc can remain on for 6 minutes out of 10 minutes without causing the unit to overheat (60% duty cycle).
- At 74 A, the arc can remain on for 8 minutes out of 10 (80%)
- At 66 A, the arc can remain on for 10 minutes out of 10 (100%).

If the duty cycle is exceeded, the power supply overheats, the temperature fault icon appears in the status screen, the arc shuts off, and the cooling fan continues to run. You can not resume cutting until the temperature fault icon disappears and the fault LED goes off.

Using the hand torch





WARNING INSTANT-ON TORCHES PLASMA ARC CAN CAUSE INJURY AND BURNS

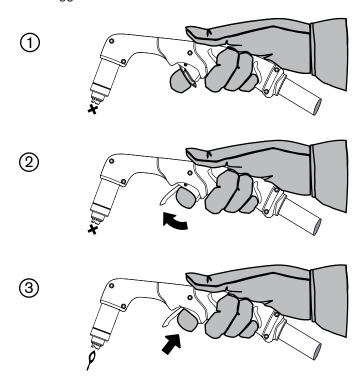
Plasma arc comes on immediately when the torch trigger is activated.

The plasma arc will cut quickly through gloves and skin.

- Wear correct and appropriate protective equipment.
- Keep away from the torch tip.
- Do not hold the workpiece and keep your hands clear of the cutting path.
- Never point the torch toward yourself or others.

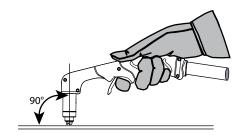
Operate the safety trigger

The hand torches are equipped with a safety trigger to prevent accidental firings. When you are ready to use the torch, flip the trigger's safety cover forward (toward the torch head) and press the red torch trigger as show below.



Hand torch cutting hints

- Drag the torch tip lightly along the workpiece to maintain a steady cut.
- While cutting, make sure that sparks exit from the bottom of the workpiece. The sparks should lag slightly behind the torch as you cut (15° 30° angle from vertical).
- If sparks spray up from the workpiece, move the torch more slowly, or set the output current higher.
- With either the 75-degree or 15-degree hand torch, hold the torch nozzle perpendicular to the workpiece so that the nozzle is at a 90° angle to the cutting surface. Observe the cutting arc as the torch cuts.



 If you fire the torch unnecessarily, you will shorten the life of the nozzle and electrode.



- Pulling, or dragging, the torch along the cut is easier than pushing it.
- For straight-line cuts, use a straight edge as a guide. To cut circles, use a template or a radius cutter attachment (a circle cutting guide). See Section 6, *Parts*, for part numbers for the Hypertherm plasma cutting guides for cutting circles and making bevel cuts.

Start a cut from the edge of the workpiece



 With the work clamp attached to the workpiece, hold the torch nozzle perpendicular (90°) to the edge of the workpiece.



2. Press the torch's trigger to start the arc. Pause at the edge until the arc has cut completely through the workpiece.



3. Drag the torch tip lightly across the workpiece to proceed with the cut. Maintain a steady, even pace.



Pierce a workpiece





WARNING

SPARKS AND HOT METAL CAN INJURE EYES AND BURN SKIN. When firing the torch at an angle, sparks and hot metal will spray out from the nozzle. Point the torch away from yourself and others.

 With the work clamp attached to the workpiece, hold the torch at an approximate 30° angle to the workpiece with the torch tip within 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) of the workpiece before firing the torch.



2. Fire the torch while still at an angle to the workpiece. Slowly rotate the torch to a perpendicular (90°) position.



- Hold the torch in place while continuing to press the trigger. When sparks exit below the workpiece, the arc has pierced the material.
- 4. When the pierce is complete, drag the nozzle lightly along the workpiece to proceed with the cut.



Gouge a workpiece





WARNING

SPARKS AND HOT METAL CAN INJURE EYES AND BURN SKIN. When firing the torch at an angle, sparks and hot metal will spray out from the nozzle. Point the torch away from yourself and others.

1. Hold the torch so that the torch tip is within 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) from the workpiece before firing the torch.



2. Hold the torch at a 45° angle to the workpiece with a small gap between the torch tip and the workpiece. Press the trigger to obtain a pilot arc. Transfer the arc to the work piece.

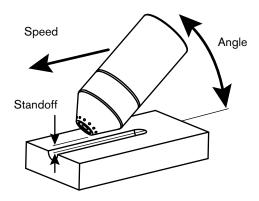


3. Maintain an approximate 45° angle to the workpiece as you feed into the gouge. Push the plasma arc in the direction of the gouge you want to create. Keep a small distance between the torch tip and the molten metal to avoid reducing consumable life or damaging the torch.

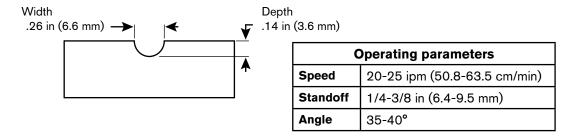
Changing the torch's angle changes the dimensions of the gouge.

Gouge profile

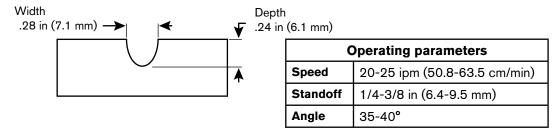
You can vary the gouge profile by varying the speed of the torch over the workpiece, varying the torch-to-work standoff distance, varying the angle of the torch to the workpiece, and varying the current output of the power supply.



Typical Gouge Profile for 65 A



Typical Gouge Profile for 85 A



Varying the gouge profile

The following actions have the stated effects on the gouge profile:

- Increasing the speed of the torch will decrease width and decrease depth.
- Decreasing the speed of the torch will increase width and increase depth.
- Increasing the standoff of the torch will increase width and decrease depth.
- Decreasing the standoff of the torch will decrease width and increase depth.
- Increasing the angle of the torch (more vertical) will decrease width and increase depth.
- Decreasing the angle of the torch (less vertical) will increase width and decrease depth.
- Increasing the current of the power supply will increase width and increase depth.
- Decreasing the current of the power supply will decrease width and decrease depth.

Common hand-cutting faults

The torch does not cut completely through the workpiece. The causes can be:

- The cut speed is too fast.
- The consumables are worn.
- The metal being cut is too thick for the selected amperage.
- Gouging consumables are installed instead of drag-cutting consumables.
- The work clamp is not attached properly to the workpiece.
- The gas pressure or gas flow rate is too low.

Cut quality is poor. The causes can be:

- The metal being cut is too thick for the amperage.
- The wrong consumables are being used (gouging consumables are installed instead of drag-cutting consumables, for example).
- You are moving the torch too quickly or too slowly.

The arc sputters and consumables life is shorter than expected. The cause can be:

- Moisture in the gas supply.
- Incorrect gas pressure.
- Consumables incorrectly installed.

Using the machine torch

Since the Powermax with a machine torch can be used with a wide variety of cutting tables, track burners, pipe bevelers, and so on, you will need to refer to the manufacturer's instructions for specifics on operating the machine torch in your configuration. However, the information in the following sections will help you optimize cut quality and maximize consumable life.

Ensure the torch and table are set up correctly

- Use a square to align the torch at right angles to the workpiece in two dimensions.
- The torch may travel more smoothly if you clean, check and "tune" the cutting table's rails
 and drive system. Unsteady machine motion can cause a regular, wavy pattern on the cut
 surface.
- Ensure that the torch does not touch the workpiece during cutting. Contact with the workpiece can damage the shield and nozzle and affect the cut surface.

Understand and optimize cut quality

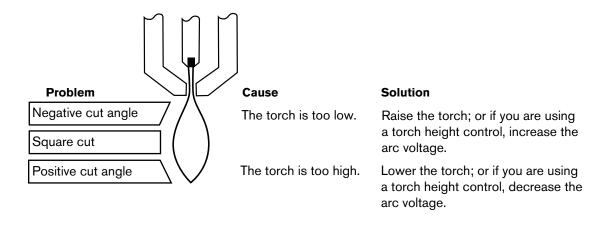
There are several factors to consider in cut quality:

- Cut angle The degree of angularity of the cut edge.
- Dross The molten material that solidifies on the top or bottom of the workpiece.
- Straightness of the cut surface The cut surface can be concave or convex.

The following sections explain how these factors can affect cut quality.

Cut or bevel angle

- A positive cut angle, or bevel, results when more material is removed from the top of the cut than from the bottom.
- A negative cut angle results when more material is removed from the bottom of the cut.



Note: The squarest cut angle will be on the *right* side with respect to the forward motion of the torch. The left side will always have some degree of bevel.

To determine whether a cut-angle problem is being caused by the plasma system or the drive system, make a test cut and measure the angle of each side. Next, rotate the torch 90° in its holder and repeat the process. If the angles are the same in both tests, the problem is in the drive system.

If a cut-angle problem persists after "mechanical causes" have been eliminated (see 4-24 *Ensure the torch and table are set up correctly*), check the torch-to-work distance, especially if the cut angles are all positive or all negative. Also consider the material being cut: if the metal is magnetized or hardened, you are more likely to experience cut angle problems.

Dross

Some amount of dross will always be present when cutting with air plasma. However, you can minimize the amount and type of dross by adjusting your system correctly for your application.

Excess dross appears on the top edge of both pieces of the plate when the torch is too low (or voltage is too low when using a torch height control). Adjust the torch or adjust the voltage in small increments (5 volts or less) until the dross is reduced.

Low-speed dross forms when the torch's cutting speed is too slow and the arc angles ahead. It forms as a heavy, bubbly deposit at the bottom of the cut and can be removed easily. Increase the speed to reduce this type of dross.

High-speed dross forms when the cutting speed is too fast and the arc angles behind. It forms as a thin, linear bead of solid metal attached very close to the cut. It is more firmly attached to the bottom of the cut than at low speed and is difficult to remove. To reduce high-speed dross:

- Decrease the cutting speed.
- Decrease the torch-to-work distance.

To pierce a workpiece using the machine torch

As with the hand torch, you can start a cut with the machine torch at the edge of the workpiece or by piercing the workpiece. Piercing will result in a shorter consumable life than with edge starts.

The cut charts include a column for the recommended torch height when starting a pierce. For the Powermax65 and Powermax85, the pierce height is generally 2.5 times the cutting height. Refer to the cut charts for specifics.

The pierce delay must be sufficiently long that the arc can pierce the material before the torch moves, but not so long that the arc "wanders" while trying to find the edge of a large hole. As consumables wear, this delay time may need to be increased. Pierce delay times given in the cut charts are based on average delay times throughout the life of the consumables.

When piercing materials close to the maximum thickness for a specific process, consider the following important factors:

- Allow a lead-in distance approximately equal to the thickness of the material being pierced.
 For example, 20 mm (3/4 in) material requires a 20 mm lead-in.
- To avoid damage to the shield from the buildup of molten material created by the pierce, do not allow the torch to descend to cut height until it has cleared the puddle of molten material
- Different material chemistries can have an adverse effect on the pierce capability of the system. In particular, high-strength steel with a high manganese or silicon content can reduce the maximum pierce capability. Hypertherm calculates mild steel parameters with certified A-36 plate.
- Using a "flying pierce" (that is, starting torch motion immediately after transfer and during the pierce process) can extend the piercing capability of the system in some cases.
 Because this can be a complex process that can damage the torch or other components, a stationary or edge start is recommended.

Common machine-cutting faults

The torch's pilot arc will initiate, but will not transfer. Causes can be:

- The work cable is not making good contact with the cutting table or the cutting table is not making good contact with the workpiece.
- The torch-to-work distance is too large.

The workpiece is not totally penetrated, and there is excessive sparking on the top of the workpiece. Causes can be:

- The consumables are worn and need to be replaced. For optimized performance in a mechanized application, replace the nozzle and the electrode together.
- The work cable is not making good contact with the cutting table or the cutting table is not making good contact with the workpiece.
- The current (amperage) is set too low. See Section 3, *Torch Setup* for more information.
- The cut speed is too high. See the cut charts in Section 3, Torch Setup, for more information.
- The metal being cut exceeds the maximum capacity for the selected amperage. See Section 1, Specifications.

OPERATION

Dross forms on the bottom of the cut. Causes can be:

- The consumables are worn and need to be replaced. For optimized performance in a mechanized application, replace the nozzle and the electrode together.
- The cutting speed is not correct. Refer to the cut charts in Section 3, Torch Setup, for more information.
- The current (amperage) is set too low. Refer to the cut charts in Section 3, Torch Setup, for more information.

The cut angle is not square. Causes can be:

- The consumables are worn and need to be replaced. For optimized performance in a mechanized application, replace the nozzle and the electrode together.
- The direction of the torch travel is incorrect. The high-quality cut is always on the right with respect to the forward motion of the torch.
- The distance between the torch and the workpiece is not correct.
- The cutting speed is not correct. Refer to the cut charts in Section 3, Torch Setup, for more information.

The consumables' life is shortened. Causes can be:

- The arc current, arc voltage, travel speed, and other variables are not set as recommended in the cut charts.
- Firing the arc in the air (beginning or ending the cut off of the plate surface). Starting at the edge is acceptable as long as the arc makes contact with the workpiece when started.
- Starting a pierce with an incorrect torch height. Refer to the cut charts for the specific initial pierce height.

Section 5

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

In this section:

Perform routine maintenance	5-2
Inspect the consumables	5-3
Basic troubleshooting	5-4
Fault codes and solutions	5-6
Replace the gas filter element	5-10

Perform routine maintenance





DANGER ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL



Disconnect the electrical power before you perform any maintenance. All work that requires removal of the power supply cover must be performed by a qualified technician.

Every use:



Check indicator lights and fault icons. Correct any fault conditions.



Inspect the consumables for proper installation and wear.

Every 3 months:





Replace any damaged labels.



Inspect the trigger for damage. Inspect the torch body for cracks and exposed wires. Replace any damaged parts.



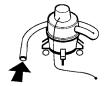
Inspect the power cord and plug. Replace if damaged.



Inspect the torch lead. Replace if damaged.

Every 6 months:





Clean the inside of the power supply with compressed air or a vacuum.

Inspect the consumables

Par	t	Inspect	Action
	Shield or deflector	The center hole for roundness.	Replace the shield if the hole is no longer round.
		The gap between the shield and the nozzle for accumulated debris.	Remove the shield and clean away any material.
	Nozzle	The center hole for roundness.	Replace nozzle if the center hole is not
		Good Worn	round.
	· · ·	Good Worn	D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Electrode	Max. 1/16 in (1.6 mm)	Replace electrode if the surface is worn or the pit depth is greater than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) deep.
1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	Swirl ring	The surface inside the swirl ring for damage or wear and the gas holes for blockages.	Replace swirl ring if the surface is damaged or worn or any of the gas holes are blocked.
	Torch o-ring	The surface for damage, wear, or a lack of lubrication.	If the o-ring is dry, lubricate it and the threads with a thin layer of silicone lubricant. If the o-ring is worn or damaged, replace it.

Basic troubleshooting

The following table provides an overview of the most common problems that can arise when using the Powermax65 or Powermax85 and explains how to solve them.

Note: Fault icons and corresponding fault codes appear in the LCD display. Refer to 5-6 Fault codes and solutions.

If you are unable to fix the problem by following this basic troubleshooting guide, or if you need further assistance:

- 1. Call your Hypertherm distributor or authorized Hypertherm repair facility.
- 2. Call the nearest Hypertherm office listed in the front of this manual.

Problem	Solutions
The ON/OFF power switch is set to ON (I), but the power ON LED is not	Verify that the power cord is plugged into the receptacle.
illuminated.	 Verify that the power is ON at the main power panel or at the line-disconnect switch box.
	 Verify that the line voltage is not too low (more than 15% below the rated voltage).
	Verify that the circuit break has not been tripped.
The arc does not transfer to the workpiece.	Clean the area where the work clamp contacts the workpiece to ensure a good metal-to-metal connection.
	 Inspect the work clamp for damage and repair as necessary.
	The pierce-height distance may be too large. Move the torch closer to the workpiece and fire the torch again.

Problem	Solutions
The arc blows out, but re-ignites when the torch trigger is pressed again.	 Inspect the consumable parts and replace them if they are worn or damaged. See 5-3 Inspect the consumables.
	Replace the gas filter's element if it is contaminated. See 5-10 Replace the gas filter element.
	Make sure the gas pressure is at the proper level.
The arc sputters and hisses.	The gas filter's element is contaminated. Replace theelement. See 5-10 Replace the gas filter element.
	 Inspect the gas line for moisture. If necessary, install or repair the gas filtration to the power supply. See Section 2, Power Supply Setup, for more information
The cut quality is poor.	Verify that the torch is being used correctly. See Section 4, Operation.
	 Inspect the consumables for wear and replace as necessary. See 5-3 Inspect the consumables.
	Check the air pressure and air quality.
	Verify that the cutting mode switch is in the proper position for the cutting operation.
	Verify that the correct consumables are installed.

Fault codes and solutions

A label with descriptions for these common fault codes can be found inside the front cover of this manual. Peel off the label and place it on the rear of the power supply for reference.

Fault code	Description	Power LED	Fault LED	Fault icon	Solutions
0-12	Low input gas pressure: Warning (the system continues to operate)	On	Off	4	Adjust the gas inlet pressure as needed.
0-13	AC input unstable: Warning (the system continues to operate)	Blinks (3 Hz)	Off	4	Correct the power source.
0-19	Power board hardware protection. One or more power board hardware faults (or noise) detected.	On	On		The inverter shuts down and does not fire again for several seconds. If the fault is caused by electrical noise, the fault clears in a few seconds and the machine operates normally.
					If a true fault continues to occur, the 0-99 fault code appears on the operator screen. Service personnel can access the fault log in the service screen to identify the major fault.
0-20	Low gas pressure	On	On	*	 Check the input gas supply. Adjust the gas pressure to the acceptable range using Manual mode. See Section 4, Operation.

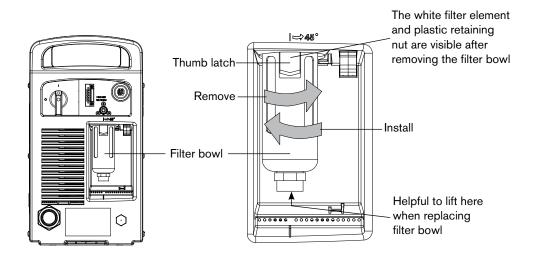
Fault code	Description	Power LED	Fault LED	Fault icon	Solutions
0-21	Gas flow lost while cutting	On	On	0	 Restore the gas inlet pressure and restart the power supply.
					Check the torch lead for leaks or kinking.
0-22	No gas input	On	On		 Connect the gas source and restart the power supply.
0-30	Torch consumables stuck This indicates either a "torch stuck open" or a "torch stuck closed" situation.	On	On	4	 If the consumables became loose or were removed while the power supply is ON, turn OFF the power supply, correct the problem and then turn ON the power supply to clear this fault. If the consumables appear to be installed correctly, the torch may be damaged. Contact your Hypertherm distributor or authorized repair facility.
0-40	Over/under temperature	On	On		 Leave the power supply on to allow the fan to cool the power supply. If the internal temperature of the power supply approaches -22° F (-30° C), move the power supply to a warmer location.

Fault code	Description	Power LED	Fault LED	Fault icon	Solutions
0-50	Retaining cap off	On	On		Turn OFF the power supply. Verify that the consumables are installed and restart the power supply.
					If the consumables appear to be installed correctly, the torch may be damaged. Contact your Hypertherm distributor or authorized repair facility.
0-51	Start/trigger signal on at power up This situation indicates that the power supply is receiving a start signal. It is sometimes referred to as a "stuck start."	On	On	0	If the power supply is turned on while the torch trigger is pressed, the system is disabled. Release the trigger and recycle the power switch.

Fault code	Description	Power LED	Fault LED	Fault icon	Solutions
0-52	Torch not connected	On	On	(Plug a torch lead into the FastConnect receptacle on the front of the power supply and recycle the power switch.
0-60	AC input voltage error	On	On	SAC	 Phase loss: Check all input phases and fuses. Over voltage: Check the line, decrease the voltage. Under voltage: Check the line, increase the voltage.
0-61	AC input unstable: Shutdown	On	On	0	The incoming line current is unstable. Power down and correct the line problem before continuing.
0-98	Internal communication failure	On	On		 Power down, wait 20 seconds, power up. A qualified service technician must open the power supply case and check the ribbon cable between the control board and the DSP board.
0-99	System hardware fault — service required Indicates a major fault with the system.	On	On		A qualified service technician must service the system. Contact your distributor or authorized repair facility.

Replace the gas filter element

- Turn OFF the power, disconnect the power cord, and make sure the gas supply is disconnected.
- 2. Position the rear of the power supply so the removable gas filter bowl is easily accessible.
- 3. Grasp the filter bowl with your right hand.
- 4. Push down the thumb latch and rotate the filter bowl approximately 45 degrees to the right.
- Pull the filter bowl straight down to remove. You can see the white filter element and retaining nut.
- Unscrew (counterclockwise) the plastic retaining nut that secures the filter element.
- 7. Replace the dirty element with a new element. Reinstall (clockwise) the plastic retaining nut to finger-tight only.
- 8. Insert the filter bowl with the thumb latch positioned approximately 45 degrees to the right of center. This is the same orientation in which the filter bowl was pulled down and removed.
- 9. Vertically align the filter bowl (with metal guard) and firmly push the filter bowl up to the top of the receptacle to seat the bowl. It is helpful to lift the bowl with your left index finger under the nut on the bottom of the bowl.
- 10. Once the bowl is seated properly, rotate the bowl 45 degrees to the left until you hear the thumb latch click into place.
- 11. Reconnect the gas supply hose to the power supply and check for leaks.
- 12. Reconnect the electrical power and turn ON the power switch.



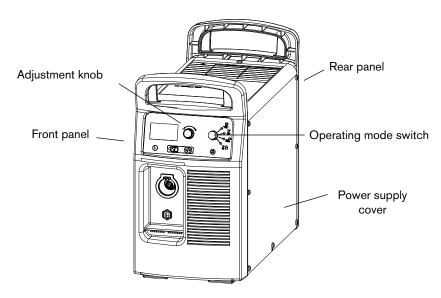
Section 6

PARTS

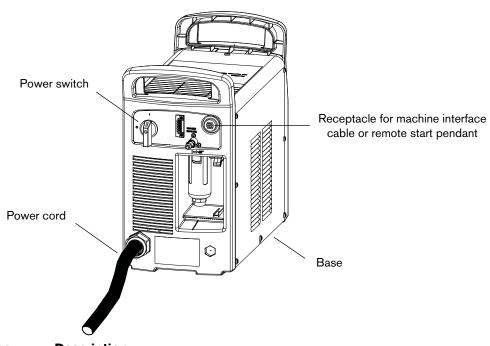
In this section:

Power supply parts	6-2
H65/H85 Hand torch replacement parts	
H65s/H85s Hand torch replacement parts	
Hand torch consumables	
M65/M85 Machine torch replacement parts	6-11
M65m/M85m Machine torch replacement parts	
Machine torch consumables	
Accessory parts	
Powermax65/85 labels	6-18

Power supply parts



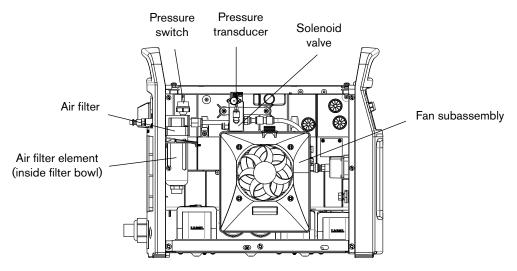
Part number	Description
228643	Kit: Powermax65/85 front panel
228645	Kit: Powermax65 CSA rear panel
228646	Kit: Powermax65 CE rear panel
228647	Kit: Powermax85 CSA rear panel
228653	Kit: Powermax85 CE rear panel
228642	Kit: Powermax65/85 cover screws
228666	Kit: Powermax65 CSA power supply cover
228674	Kit: Powermax65 CE power supply cover
228676	Kit: Powermax85 CSA power supply cover
228675	Kit: Powermax85 CE power supply cover
108797	Adjustment knob
108732	Operating mode switch



Part number	Description
228691	Kit: Powermax65/85 CSA power cord
228679	Kit: Powermax65 CE power cord
228678	Kit: Powermax85 CE power cord
228680	Kit: Powermax65/85 power cord strain relief
128650	Remote start pendant for machine torch, 25 ft (7.6 m)
128651	Remote start pendant for machine torch, 50 ft (15.2 m)
128652	Remote start pendant for machine torch, 75 ft (22.9 m)

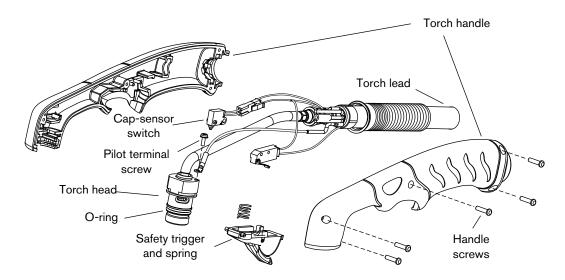
PARTS

Part number	Description
023206	Machine interface cable (start plasma, arc transfer, ground), 25 ft (7.6 m), spade connectors
023279	Machine interface cable (start plasma, arc transfer, ground), 50 ft (15.2 m), spade connectors
228350	Machine interface cable (start plasma, arc transfer, adjustable voltage divider, ground), 25 ft (7.6 m), spade connectors
228351	Machine interface cable (start plasma, arc transfer, adjustable voltage divider, ground), 50 ft (15 m), spade connectors
127204	Powermax45/65/85 Machine interface receptacle cover
228539	Kit: RS485 board with cables (65/85)
228697	Kit: PMX65/85 Machine Interface Cable (internal cable w/v-div board)
123896	Machine interface cable (start, stop, transfer signals), 50 ft (15.2 m), D-sub connector with screws



Part number	Description
228686	Kit: Powermax65/85 fan subassembly
228685	Kit: Powermax65/85 air filter
228695	Kit: Powermax65/85 air filter element
228688	Kit: Powermax65/85 pressure switch
228687	Kit: Powermax65/85 solenoid valve
228689	Kit: Powermax65/85 pressure transducer

H65/H85 Hand torch replacement parts

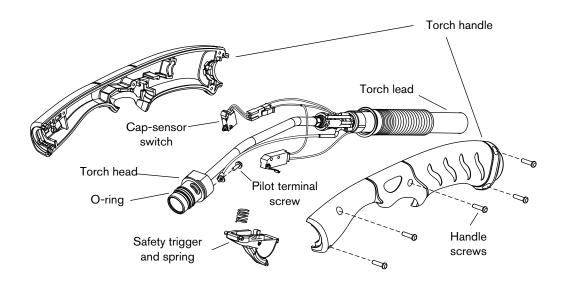


The entire hand torch and lead assembly can be replaced, or individual component parts can be replaced. Part numbers starting with 083 and 087 indicate complete torch and lead assemblies.

Part number	Description
083247*	H65 Hand torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
083248*	H65 Hand torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
083249*	H65 Hand torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
087085*	H85 Hand torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
087086*	H85 Hand torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
087087*	H85 Hand torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
228717	Kit: H65/H85 Torch handle replacement
075714	Handle screws, #4 x 1/2 slotted TORX pan head, S/B
228721	Kit: H65/H85/H65s/H85s Safety trigger with spring replacement
228714	Kit: H65/H85 Torch main body replacement
058519	O-ring
075504	Pilot terminal screw
228719	Kit: H65/H85 Cap-sensor switch replacement
228723	Kit: H65/H85 Torch lead replacement, 25 ft (7.6 m)
228724	Kit: H65/H85 Torch lead replacement, 50 ft (15.2 m)
228725	Kit: H65/H85 Torch lead replacement, 75 ft (22.9 m)
128642	Trigger start switch

^{*} The torch assembly also includes one set of the drag-cutting consumables listed on 6-10.

H65s/H85s Hand torch replacement parts



The entire hand torch and lead assembly can be replaced, or individual component parts can be replaced. Part numbers starting with 083 and 087 indicate complete torch and lead assemblies.

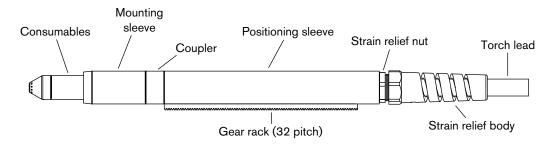
Part number	Description
083251*	H65s Hand torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
083252*	H65s Hand torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
083253*	H65s Hand torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
087089*	H85s Hand torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
087090*	H85s Hand torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
087091*	H85s Hand torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
228718	Kit: H65s/H85s Torch handle replacement
075714	Handle screws, #4 x 1/2 slotted TORX pan head, S/B
228721	Kit: H65/H85/H65s/H85s Safety trigger with spring replacement
228715	Kit: H65s/H85s Torch main body replacement
058519	O-ring
075504	Pilot terminal screw
228109	Kit: H65s/H85s Cap-sensor switch replacement
228727	Kit: H65s/H85s Torch lead replacement, 25 ft (7.6 m)
228728	Kit: H65s/H85s Torch lead replacement, 50 ft (15.2 m)
228729	Kit: H65s/H85s Torch lead replacement, 75 ft (22.9 m)
128642	Trigger start switch

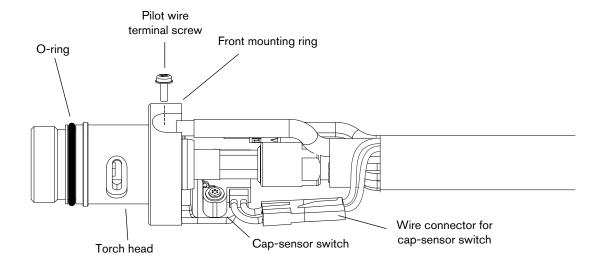
^{*} The torch assembly also includes one set of the drag-cutting consumables listed on 6-10.

Hand torch consumables

Part number	Description
Drag cutting	
220818	Shield
220854	Retaining cap
220941	45 A Nozzle
220819	65 A Nozzle
220816	85 A Nozzle
220842	Electrode
220857	Swirl ring
Gouging	
220798	65 A/85 A shield
220854	Retaining cap
220797	65 A/85 A nozzle
220842	Electrode
220857	Swirl ring
FineCut 45 A	
220931	Deflector
220854	Retaining cap
220930	Nozzle
220842	Electrode
220947	Swirl ring

M65/M85 Machine torch replacement parts





PARTS

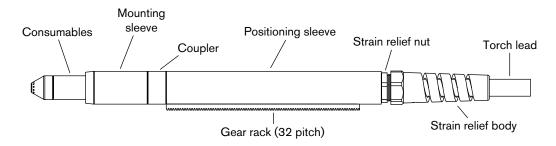
The entire machine torch and lead assembly can be replaced, or individual component parts can be replaced. Part numbers starting with 083 and 087 indicate complete torch and lead assemblies.

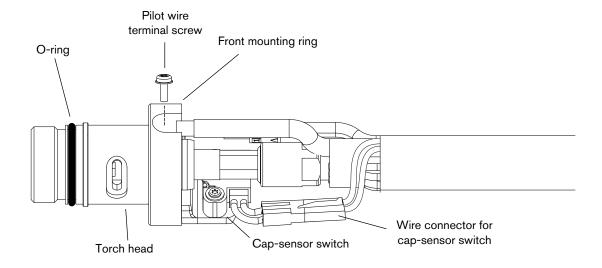
Part number	Description
083254*	M65 Machine torch assembly with 15 ft (4.6 m) lead
083255*	M65 Machine torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
083256*	M65 Machine torch assembly with 35 ft (10.7 m) lead
083257*	M65 Machine torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
083258*	M65 Machine torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
087092*	M85 Machine torch assembly with 15 ft (4.6 m) lead
087093*	M85 Machine torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
087094*	M85 Machine torch assembly with 35 ft (10.7 m) lead
087095*	M85 Machine torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
087096*	M85 Machine torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
228737	Kit: M65/M85 positioning sleeve
228738	Kit: M65/M85 removable gear rack
228735	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m front mounting sleeve
228736	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m adapter ring (coupler)
228716	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch main body replacement
228720	Kit: Cap-sensor switch replacement
058519	O-ring
075504	Pilot terminal screw
228730	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 15 ft (4.6 m)
228731	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 25 ft (7.6 m)
228732	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 35 ft (10.7 m)
228733	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 50 ft (15.2 m)
228734	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 75 ft (22.9 m)

^{*} The torch assembly also includes one set of the shielded consumables listed on 6-15.

M65m/M85m Machine torch replacement parts

Note: This illustration shows the M65/M85 machine torch. The M65m and M85m minimachine torches do not have a positioning sleeve and gear rack.





PARTS

The entire machine torch and lead assembly can be replaced, or individual component parts can be replaced. Part numbers starting with 083 and 087 indicate complete torch and lead assemblies.

Part number	Description
083259*	M65m Mini-machine torch assembly with 15 ft (4.6 m) lead
083260*	M65m Mini-machine torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
083261*	M65m Mini-machine torch assembly with 35 ft (10.7 m) lead
083262*	M65m Mini-machine torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
083263*	M65m Mini-machine torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
087097*	M85m Mini-machine torch assembly with 15 ft (4.6 m) lead
087098*	M85m Mini-machine torch assembly with 25 ft (7.6 m) lead
087099*	M85m Mini-machine torch assembly with 35 ft (10.7 m) lead
087100*	M85m Mini-machine torch assembly with 50 ft (15.2 m) lead
087101*	M85m Mini-machine torch assembly with 75 ft (22.9 m) lead
228735	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m front mounting sleeve
228736	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m adapter ring (coupler)
228716	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch main body replacement
228720	Kit: Cap-sensor switch replacement
058519	O-ring
075504	Pilot terminal screw
228730	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 15 ft (4.6 m)
228731	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 25 ft (7.6 m)
228732	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 35 ft (10.7 m)
228733	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 50 ft (15.2 m)
228734	Kit: M65/M65m/M85/M85m torch lead replacement, 75 ft (22.9 m)

^{*} The torch assembly also includes one set of the shielded consumables listed on 6-15.

Machine torch consumables

Part number	Description
Shielded	
220817	Shield
220854	Retaining cap
220953	Ohmic retaining cap
220941	45 A Nozzle
220819	65 A Nozzle
220816	85 A Nozzle
220842	Electrode
220857	Swirl ring
Unshielded	
220955	Deflector
220854	Retaining cap
220941	45 A Nozzle
220819	65 A Nozzle
220816	85 A Nozzle
220842	Electrode
220857	Swirl ring
Gouging	
220798	65 A/85 A shield
220854	Retaining cap
220797	65 A/85 A nozzle
220842	Electrode
220857	Swirl ring

Part number	Description
FineCut 45 A ¹	
220955	Deflector
220948	Shield
220854	Retaining cap
220953	Ohmic retaining cap
220930	Nozzle
220842	Electrode
220857	Swirl ring

¹The deflector (220955) is used only with the standard retaining cap (220854). The shield (220948) is used only with the ohmic retaining cap (220953).

Accessory parts

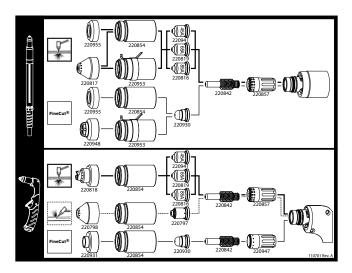
Part number	Description
024548	Leather torch sheathing, 25 ft (7.5 m)
127102	Basic plasma (circles and lines) cutting guide
027668	Deluxe plasma (circles and lines) cutting guide
127301	Powermax65/85 dust cover
128647	Kit: Eliminizer air filter
228570	Kit: Eliminizer air filter with cover
228624	Kit: Eliminizer filter cover
223125	Kit: 65 A Work lead with hand clamp, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223126	Kit: 65 A Work lead with hand clamp, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223127	Kit: 65 A Work lead with hand clamp, 75 ft (22.9 m)
223194	Kit: 65 A Work lead with C-style clamp, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223195	Kit: 65 A Work lead with C-style clamp, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223196	Kit: 65 A Work lead with C-style clamp, 75 ft (22.9 m)
223197	Kit: 65 A Work lead with magnet clamp, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223198	Kit: 65 A Work lead with magnet clamp, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223199	Kit: 65 A Work lead with magnet clamp, 75 ft (22.9 m)
223200	Kit: 65 A Work lead with ring terminal, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223201	Kit: 65 A Work lead with ring terminal, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223202	Kit: 65 A Work lead with ring terminal, 75 ft (22.9 m)
223035	Kit: 85 A Work lead with hand clamp, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223034	Kit:85 A Work lead with hand clamp, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223033	Kit: 85 A Work lead with hand clamp, 75 ft (22.9 m)
223203	Kit: 85 A Work lead with C-style clamp, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223204	Kit: 85 A Work lead with C-style clamp, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223205	Kit: 85 A Work lead with C-style clamp, 75 ft (22.9 m)

Part number	Description
223206	Kit: 85 A Work lead with magnet clamp, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223207	Kit: 85 A Work lead with magnet clamp, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223208	Kit: 85 A Work lead with magnet clamp, 75 ft (22.9 m)
223209	Kit: 85 A Work lead with ring terminal, 25 ft (7.5 m)
223210	Kit: 85 A Work lead with ring terminal, 50 ft (15.2 m)
223211	Kit: 85 A Work lead with ring terminal, 75 ft (22.9 m)
229370	Kit: Powermax65/85 Wheel kit assembly

Powermax65/85 labels

Part number	Description
228649	Kit: Powermax65 labels, CSA
228650	Kit: Powermax65 labels, CE
228651	Kit: Powermax85 labels, CSA
228652	Kit: Powermax85 labels, CE

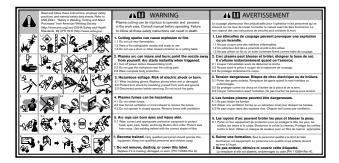
The label kits include the consumable label, appropriate safety labels, as well as front and side decals. The consumable and safety labels are pictured on the next page.



Consumable label



CE safety label



CSA safety label